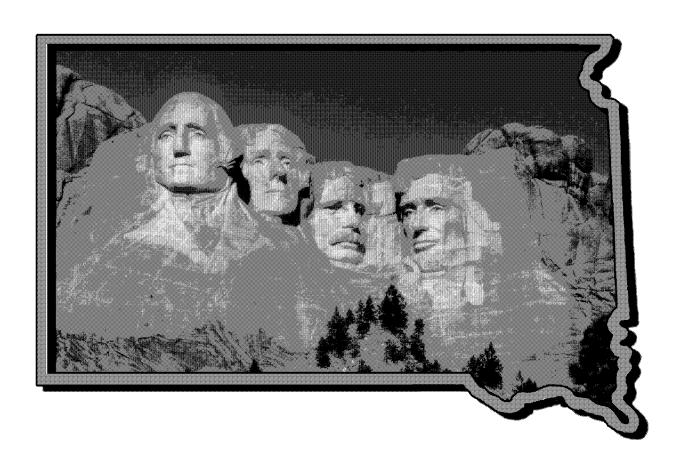
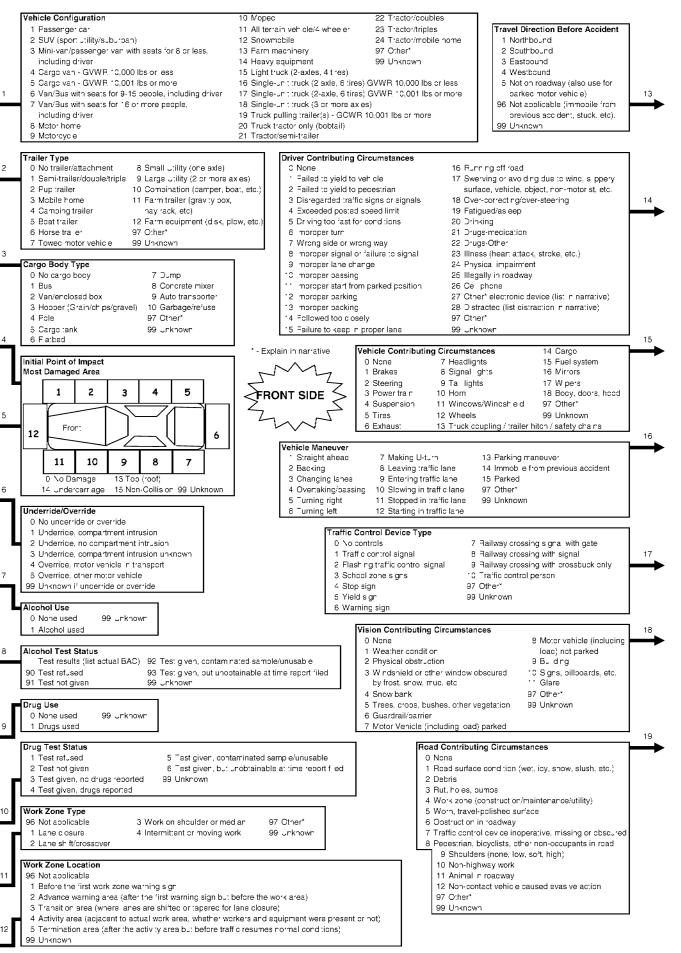
South Dakota's Motor Vehicle Traffic Accident Reporting Instruction Manual



South Dakota Department of Public Safety Office of Accident Records January 2006

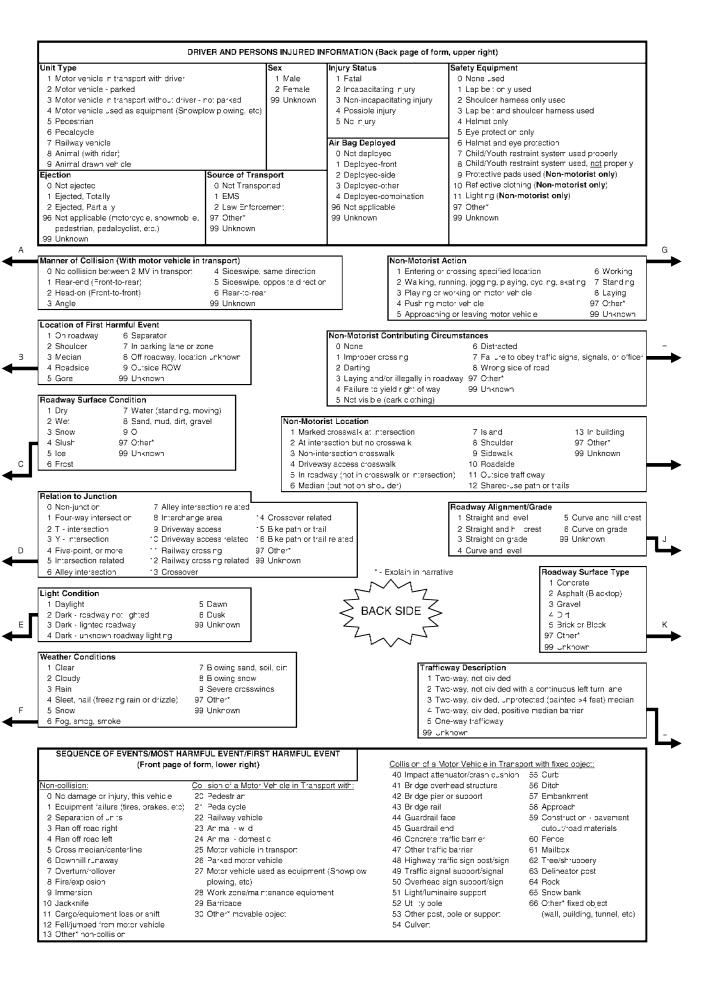
(Printed 12/16/2005)



STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA INVESTIGATOR'S MOTOR VEHICLE TRAFFIC ACCIDENT REPORT

Agency Use INSTRUCTION MANUAL INDEX SHEET

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AR	Arkansas	NH	New Hampshire
CA	California	NJ	New Jersey
CO	Colorado	NM	New Mexico
CT	Connecticut	NY	New York
DE	Delaware	NC	North Carolina
DC	District of Columbia	ND	North Dakota
FL	Florida	ОН	Ohio
GA	Georgia	OK	Oklahoma
HI	Hawaii	OR	Oregon
ID	Idaho	PA	Pennsylvania
IL	Illinois	RI	Rhode Island
IN	Indiana	SC	South Carolina
IA	Iowa	SD	South Dakota
KS	Kansas	TN	Tennessee
KY	Kentucky	ΤX	Texas
LA	Louisiana	UT	Utah
ME	Maine	VT	Vermont
MD	Maryland	VA	Virginia
MA	Massachusetts	WA	Washington
MI	Michigan	WV	West Virginia
MN	Minnesota	WI	Wisconsin
MS	Mississippi	WY	Wyoming
МО	Missouri	OT	Other*

Canadian Provinces and Territories

AB	Alberta	NU	Nunavut
ВС	British Columbia	ON	Ontario
MB	Manitoba	PΕ	Prince Edward Island
NB	New Brunswick	QC	Quebec
NL	New Foundland & Labrador	SK	Saskatchewan
NT	Northwest Territory	ΥT	Yukon Territory
NS	Nova Scotia		-

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Introduction

The primary goal of the South Dakota Accident Reporting System is to produce computerized statistical data for use in identifying problems and developing countermeasures necessary to reduce motor vehicle traffic accidents in number and severity. YOU, as a law enforcement officer who investigates accidents, are a key factor in achieving this goal. The quality of the data in an accident reporting system can never be better than what is received from the field. It is the responsibility of the officer investigating an accident to provide both correct and comprehensive data to the Department of Public Safety - Office of Accident Records. An individual accident may appear at times to be insignificant, but when combined with like accidents at or near the same location, various patterns emerge to identify problems in need of engineering, law enforcement, or educational attention.

This manual serves two purposes. First, it provides instructions for completion of the South Dakota Accident Report Form. Second, it provides more detailed explanations of much of the data that is requested by the report.

The report entitled State of South Dakota Investigator's Motor Vehicle Traffic Accident Report, Form DPS-AR-1, requires two types of entries. The first type is written entries placed in the body of the report. The second type is numbered entries placed in the boxes which are located on the left and right margins on both front and back of the form, the lower right-handed corner of the front page and the upper section of the back page. The entries to the boxes are made by placing the folded overlay, Form DPS-AR-2, over the report form, lining up the proper boxes with the proper arrows on the overlay. Note that numbers are used to identify the boxes on the front side and alphabetics are used on the back side of the form.

General Instructions

In order to determine when an accident should be reported to the state, it is important to have a clear understanding of the definition of a MOTOR VEHICLE TRAFFIC ACCIDENT and to know in what circumstances such an accident is state reportable.

For purposes of the South Dakota Accident Reporting System, report those accidents which involve at least one motor vehicle within a trafficway (includes the entire area within the right of way) or outside the trafficway if control was lost within the trafficway and cause a fatality, injury, or property damage to an apparent extent of \$1000.00 or more to any one person's property or \$2000.00 or more per accident. **Note!** For the "\$2,000.00 or more per accident" threshold to be reached, 3 or more person's property would need to be involved. For example, 3 vehicles are involved in an accident and sustain damage, but no personal injuries to occupants or non-motorists, in the following amounts: unit 1 - \$400, unit 2 - \$800, and unit 3 - \$800 totaling \$2,000. None of the units reached the \$1000 threshold, which would have automatically made the accident state reportable but because of the "\$2,000.00 or more per accident" threshold this 3 unit accident would be reportable to the Office of Accident Records.

The following examples of incidents which DO and DO NOT meet the criteria for a Motor Vehicle Traffic Accident will also help in clarifying the definition given above.

 A passenger car loses control on a curve and runs off the road where it sustains extensive body damage (over \$1000.00) <u>after</u> it leaves the trafficway right of way and enters a shelterbelt. No damage to the vehicle or injury to the occupants was sustained while within the right of way.

This incident qualifies as a motor vehicle traffic accident even though no injury or damage took place within the right of way. The determining factor is that the unstabilized condition BEGAN within the trafficway.

• A snowmobile traveling in the ditch of a state highway impacts a drainage culvert. The driver sustains a broken arm.

This incident qualifies as a motor vehicle traffic accident because snowmobiles are considered motor vehicles, the incident took place within the trafficway right of way of a public highway, and injuries were sustained.

A driver loses control of a vehicle while backing from a garage on private property. The
vehicle travels out of the driveway and impacts a car properly parked along the curb on the
opposite side of the street. The vehicles sustain accumulated damage of \$2000.00 as a result of
the impact.

This incident qualifies as a motor vehicle traffic accident even though the unstabilized event began on private property. The determining factor is that the damage causing event occurred within the trafficway right of way.

• A driver stops a vehicle at the side of the road to check an unusual noise in the engine compartment. The engine is left running and the car is in parking gear. After the driver raises

the hood, the transmission jumps out of park and the driver is killed when the vehicle runs over him.

This incident qualifies as a motor vehicle traffic accident even though the vehicle was driverless at the time of the incident. Note that the definition of a motor vehicle accident presented above does not require that a vehicle have a driver.

• A motorhome is traveling on the interstate when a hose from an attached propane tank disconnects and begins to burn. The fire spreads to the motorhome. The motorhome is brought to a stop and all persons escape without injury, but the motorhome is completely destroyed by fire. The motorhome was valued at \$4000.00.

This incident qualifies as a motor vehicle traffic accident even though there was no collision or rollover.

• Two vehicles collide in a supermarket parking lot. Both vehicles sustain damage amounting to more than \$1000.00 and one driver sustains a gash from impacting the windshield.

This incident does NOT qualify as a motor vehicle traffic accident because the entire unstabilized event occurred outside of a trafficway. The injury and damage are irrelevant in this case.

Notes! Because determination of whether or not an incident qualifies as a state reportable motor vehicle accident is an extremely complex question, there will be situations where an understanding of the definition and examples above will not provide an answer. If there is any question as to whether of not a particular incident qualifies as a motor vehicle traffic accident, an accident report should be filed and the Office of Accident Records will make the final determination.

The South Dakota Accident Report Form consists of two pages (one sheet printed front and back and an overlay for each page).

The remainder of this manual is divided into four sections. Each section provides specific, step by step instructions for the completion of the two sides of the report and their associated "overlays".

Front Page Instructions

This section details how to fill out the Investigation Officer's Report for a motor vehicle accident. The circled numbers shown in the blanks of the sample accident report refer to the number of the paragraph step explaining how to fill out that blank.

Location

The following information details the **Location** section of the Investigating Officers Report of the Motor Vehicle Accident form.

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- 1. **Submission**: Check the box that indicates if this report is the original or an amended version.
- 2. **Sheet** __ of __ Indicate the number of sheets submitted for this report. One front and back = one sheet and would be shown as "Sheet 1 of 1". Two front and backs would be shown as "Sheet 1 of 2" for first front and back "Sheet 2 of 2" for the second front and back.
- 3. **Date of Accident** Enter the date on which the accident occurred. The accident date must be entered in Month/Day/Year format. In cases where the exact date of the accident may be in question (e.g. accidents occurring near midnight, officer judgement should be used.
- 4. **Time of Accident** Enter the time on which the accident occurred. The time of the accident must be entered in a 24-hour clock format (military time). Note that midnight = "0000". One minute after midnight is entered as "0001". In cases where the exact time of the accident may be in question, officer judgment should be used. Enter "Unknown" if a reasonable estimate of the accident time can not be made. Note! 2400 is not a valid time.
- 5. **County** Enter the name of the county in which the FIRST injury or damage causing event of the accident occurred.

FOR ACCIDENTS OCCURRING NEAR COUNTY BOUNDARIES – Note that many county lines are coincident with the centerline of roads. For accidents in which the first injury or damage causing event occurs on a road which marks a county line and other accidents in which the first injury or damage causing event is near a boundary line of two counties, the accident should be allocated to the county in which the first injury or damage causing event actually occurred not necessarily the county in which the vehicle(s) came to rest. If the first injury or damage-causing event is exactly on the boundary line, the accident should be allocated to the county FROM which the vehicle was traveling for single vehicle accidents. If the first injury or damage causing event is exactly on a boundary line when two or more vehicles coming from different counties are involved, the accident should be allocated to the county FROM which the

vehicle with more severely injured occupants is traveling or to the county FROM which the vehicle with more severe damage is traveling if there are no injuries. If there is equal damage or injury in both vehicles, the investigating officer's best judgment should be used.

6. **City Accident Occurred in or Indicate Rural** – Enter the name of the city or town in which the FIRST injury or damage-causing event of the accident occurred for all accidents occurring within the boundaries of a city or town. Enter "RURAL" for accidents occurring outside the boundaries of a city or town.

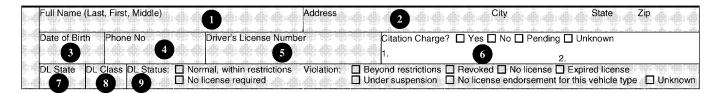
FOR ACCIDENTS OCCURRING NEAR CITY LIMITS – For accidents occurring near a boundary line of a city or town, allocate the accident to the city or town if the first injury or damage causing event occurred within the city limits. Do not allocate the accident to the city or town if the first injury or damage causing event occurred outside the city limits even if the final resting place of the vehicle(s) is inside the city limits. If the first injury or damage causing event occurs exactly on the boundary line, the accident should be allocated to the city or town IF one or more accident involved vehicles was traveling FROM within the boundaries of the city or town.

- 7. **Road, Street or Highway Accident Occurred** Enter the trafficway number or name of the road on which accident occurred.
- 8. **At its Intersection With** If the accident occurred <u>within</u> the boundaries of an intersection, enter the trafficway number or name of the road which intersected with the trafficway entered in the "Road, Street, or Highway Accident Occurred" blank. For accidents not occurring at intersections, this line should be left blank. See figure 1 for the boundaries of an intersection.
- 9. Location with Respect to Mileage Reference Marker (MRM) MRMs in South Dakota are placed on all State Highways. When an accident occurs on such a trafficway, the location of the accident should be referenced to the nearest MRM. Enter the distance between the accident location and the nearest MRM in feet if the distance is less than 0.1 miles and in tenths of a mile if the distance is 0.1 miles or greater. Check the box indicating whether the distance entered is in feet or in miles and tenths. Check the box indicating the direction of North, South, East or West from the MRM to the accident location. Note that the direction given should be the general direction of the trafficway. Enter the number of the MRM. This number could be a whole number or a whole number with hundredths. Always record the MRM exactly as it appears on the MRM post.
- 10. Location with Respect to a Junction or Intersecting Street Accidents which occur on trafficways not marked with MRMs (county roads, city street, etc) must be located with respect to a junction or intersecting street. Space is allocated for entering up to two distances and directions from the reference point.

Example: An accident was located 1 mile West and one half mile North of the junction of US12 and SD37. The following would be entered: On the first line, 1.0 would be entered in the blank and the "W" box would be checked; on the second line, 0.5 would be entered in the blank and the "N" box would be checked; the "Junction" box would be checked; then the junction "US12 and SD37" would be entered in the space provided.

Unit Person

This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report details information concerning the person driving the vehicle at the time of the accident or the non-motorist identified in the unit section.



- 1. **Full Name** (**Last, First, Middle**) Enter the name of the operator/driver of the unit or the pedestrian identified as this unit. Names are to be entered for all unit types. If the unit is a motor vehicle without a driver, enter "None". Enter the operator/driver's full name in last, first, middle format. If the operator/driver is operating a motor vehicle and is licensed, the name MUST be entered EXACTLY as if appears on the driver's license. It is extremely important that the name be entered on the accident report exactly as it appears on the license because a record of the accident is transferred to the driving record of South Dakota drivers as required by SDCL 32-12-61.
- 2. **Address** If there is a name in the unit full name field, enter the current address of that person. If there is no name in the full name field, enter "None". (See Appendix A for state codes)
- 3. **Date of Birth** Enter the date of birth of the person in the unit full name field. Date of birth should be entered in the Month/Day/Year format.
- 4. **Phone Number** Enter the phone number of the person in the unit full name field.
- 5. **Driver's License Number** For drivers of motor vehicles, enter the driver's license number. If the person does not have a driver's license, enter "None".
- 6. **Citation Charge** List any violations with which the person in the unit full name field was charged. There is space for 2 violations to be listed on the front side of the report, please list additional violations in the narrative area of the report. Note that in cases where charges are pending, the report may be held up to five (5) working days to allow for determination of actual charges filed. Also check the appropriate box to the right of "Citation Charge?" (☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Pending ☐ Unknown).
- 7. **DL State** For drivers of motor vehicles, enter the state issuing the driver's license. For unlicensed drivers, enter "None". (See Appendix A for state codes)
- 8. **DL Class** For drivers of motor vehicles, enter the class as it appears on the driver's license. For unlicensed drivers or out of state drivers without a class, enter "0 (zero)".
- 9. **DL Status** For drivers of motor vehicles, check the appropriate box to indicate the current status of an individual's driver license.

Owner

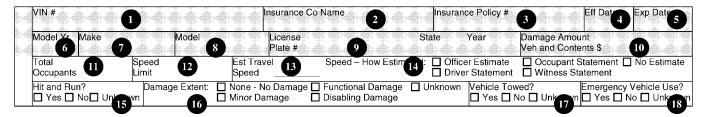
This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report details information concerning the owner of the vehicle at the time of the accident identified in the unit section.



- 1. **Owner's Name** Enter the full name of the owner. If the owner of the unit is the same as the operator/driver of the unit, check the "Check if Same as Driver" box. The operator/driver name does not need to be re-entered. For railway vehicles, enter the name of the Railroad Company.
- 2. **Owner's Address** Enter the current address of the owner. If the owner is the same as the operator/driver, this field may be left blank. (See Appendix A for state codes)

Vehicle

This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report details information concerning the vehicle identified in the unit section.



- 1. **VIN** # Enter the vehicle identification number of the motor vehicle. This number should NOT be taken from the vehicle's registration slip. The VIN should be read from the actual vehicle identification plate. It is extremely important that the VIN be entered correctly in order to allow for accident research to identify vehicle problems.
- 2. **Insurance Co Name** Enter the Insurance Company Name as it appears on the proof of insurance card.
- 3. **Insurance Policy** # Enter the Insurance policy number as it appears on the proof of insurance card
- 4. **Eff Date** Enter the date the insurance was effective. Effective date should be entered in Month/Day/Year or Month/Year format.
- 5. **Exp Date** Enter the date the insurance will expire. Expiration date should be entered in Month/Day/Year or Month/Year format.
- 6. **Model Yr** Enter the model year of the motor vehicle involved in the accident. Note that the model year may not be the same as the year of manufacture. It is the MODEL year that should be entered in this blank.
- 7. **Make** Enter the make of the motor vehicle involved in the accident. Note that many manufacturers produce several makes of vehicles. For example, General Motors produces

- Chevrolet, Buick, Oldsmobile, etc. It is the vehicle MAKE (Chevrolet, Buick, Oldsmobile, etc.), NOT the manufacturer, that should be entered in this field.
- 8. **Model** Enter the model of the motor vehicle involved in the accident. The field should NOT be used to enter vehicle body style or type, but rather, the class or family of vehicles within a make. For example, models of the Chevrolet make would include Corvette, Impala, Malibu, etc. Models of Ford pickups would include F150, F250, F350, etc.
- 9. **License Plate** # Enter the vehicle license plate (registration plate) number and state and year of license. The license plate number should be entered even if the plate has expired. If the motor vehicle does not have a license plate, enter "None". (See Appendix A for state codes)
- 10. **Damage Amount Veh and Contents** Enter the total dollar value of damage to the motor vehicle, pedalcycle, railway vehicle, animal with rider (damage of animal only), animal drawn vehicle (animal and drawn vehicle) and its contents. Contents include anything carried in a passenger compartment other than persons. Also included are any property in the trunk or cargo area of a passenger vehicle and the load of any truck including the load in a semi-trailer. **Estimates should be based on cost to repair with new parts.**
- 11. **Total Occupants** Enter the number of injured and uninjured occupants for this unit. Occupants should include the operator/driver and all passengers of the unit.
- 12. **Speed Limit** Enter the legal speed limit for the section of the trafficway on which the motor vehicle was traveling, whether or not the limit is posted. DO NOT enter cautionary speed limits such as posted on curve signs.
- 13. **Est Travel Speed** Enter the estimated speed, as can be best determined, of the motor vehicle as it was traveling on the trafficway BEFORE the accident. Enter "Unknown" if no estimate of speed can be made. (NOTE: If "Est Travel Speed" is unknown, the "No Estimate" box should be checked for "Speed How Estimate")
- 14. **Speed How Estimated** Indicate how the estimate of travel speed was made by checking the appropriate box. Use of the boxes should be governed by the following explanations:

Officer Estimate – This box should be checked when travel speed was estimated by skid tests, skid marks and measurements, or by the officer's expert judgment based on experience (extent of vehicle damage, etc.)

Driver Statement – This box should be checked when the estimated travel speed was provided by the vehicle driver.

Occupant Statement – This box should be checked when the estimated travel speed was provided by a vehicle occupant other than the vehicle driver.

Witness Statement – This box should be checked when the estimated travel speed was provided by a non-occupant (by-stander) who witnessed the accident.

No Estimate - This box should be used ONLY when the estimated travel speed is "Unknown". (NOTE: If this box is checked, "Unknown" should be entered for "Est Travel Speed").

- 15. **Hit and Run?** Check the box which indicates whether the motor vehicle driver committed a "Hit and Run" offense. Note that this item is coded for each motor vehicle with a driver, not for the accident as a whole. Do not complete if unit is not a motor vehicle with driver.
- 16. **Damage Extent** Check the box describing the total damage to the motor vehicle from the accident.

None – No Damage – This box should be checked for an accident involved motor vehicle which does not receive property damage.

Minor Damage – This box should be checked for an accident involved motor vehicle with damage that does not affect the operation of or disable the motor vehicle in transport.

Included: Scratches, dented or bent fenders, bumpers, grills, body panels. Destroyed hubcaps.

Functional Damage – This box should be checked for an accident involved motor vehicle with damage that is not disabling, but affects operation of the motor vehicle or its parts.

<u>Included:</u> Doors, windows, hoods, trunk lids which will not operate properly. Broken glass which obscures vision. Tire damage even though the tire(s) may be changed at the scene. Bumpers which are loose. Any damage that would prevent the motor vehicle from complying with motor vehicle safety codes.

Excluded: Dented or bent fenders, bumpers, grills, body panels. Destroyed hubcaps.

Disabling Damage – This box should be checked for an accident involved motor vehicle with damage that prevents the departure of the motor vehicle from the scene of the accident in its usual operating manner by daylight after simple repairs.

<u>Included:</u> Motor vehicles, which could be driven but would be further damaged by driving (Example – Motor vehicle with a leaking radiator.)

Excluded: Damage, which can be fixed temporarily at the scene without special tools or parts. Tire disablement without other damage even if no spare is available. Headlight or taillight damage which would make night driving hazardous but would not affect daylight driving. Damage to turn signals, horn or windshield wipers, which makes them inoperative.

Unknown – This box should be checked ONLY when the accident involved motor vehicle is not at the scene and is not available for inspection elsewhere.

- 17. **Vehicle Towed?** Indicate whether the motor vehicle had to be towed from the scene as a result of disabling damage. DO NOT count a vehicle that is towed, just because there is not a driver available to drive it away or situations involving just a flat tire.
- 18. **Emergency Vehicle Use?** Indicates official vehicles that are involved in an accident while on an emergency response. Emergency refers to an official vehicle that is traveling with physical emergency signals in use, typically red light blinking, siren sounding, etc. Code yes only if the vehicle was on an emergency response.

Trailer(s)

This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report details information concerning the trailer(s) identified in the unit section.



- 1. Trailer License Plate # Attached to Power Unit For registered trailers attached to the power unit, enter the trailer license plate (registration plate) number, registration plate year and registration state. The license plate number, year and state should be entered even if the plate has expired. If the motor vehicle is not towing a trailer place an X in the blank. If the motor vehicle is towing a trailer that does not have a license plate, enter "None". (See Appendix A for state codes)
- 2. **Trailer License Plate # Attached to Trailer Unit** For registered trailers attached to the first trailer, enter the trailer license plate (registration plate) number, registration plate year and registration state. The license plate number, year and state should be entered even if the plate has expired. If the motor vehicle is not towing a second trailer place an X in the blank. If this trailer does not have a license plate, enter "None". If there are more than two trailers, provide this information in the narrative or on an additional page. (See Appendix A for state codes)

Commercial Vehicle

This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report details information concerning commercial motor vehicle identified in the unit section. This section must be completed:

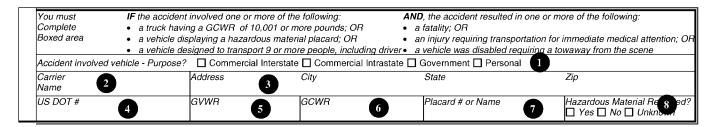
<u>IF</u> the vehicle meets one or more of the following:

- The vehicle has a Gross Combined Weight Rating (GCWR) of 10,001 or more pounds.
- The vehicle displays a hazardous material placard.
- The vehicle is designed to transport 9 or more people, including driver.

AND, the accident resulted in one or more of the following:

- A fatality occurred.
- An injury requiring transportation for immediate medical attention.
- Any vehicle was disabled requiring a towaway from the scene. Note please review instructions for data field "Vehicle Towed?"

If this vehicle does not meet the requirement above, these fields should be left blank.



1. **Accident involved vehicle – Purpose?** – Check the box that identifies the purpose or use of this vehicle.

2. **Carrier Name** – Enter the Carrier Name - the name of an individual, partnership or corporation responsible for the transportation of persons or property as indicated on the shipping manifest.

The identification of the Carrier can be found in three different ways?

- The Carrier's name may be displayed on both sides of the vehicle, usually the Driver's side door of the cab.
- The Carrier's name should be on the shipping papers carried by the Driver. In the case of a
 bus, the driver carries a trip manifest or a charter order, which gives the name of the Motor
 Carrier.
- Ask the Driver for the Carrier's name.
- 3. **Address, City, State and Zip** Enter the Carrier's current business address. (See Appendix A for state codes)
- 4. **US DOT** # Enter the US DOT # in this field. The US DOT # should be displayed on the power unit of the commercial vehicle and are usually found on the doors. The number for the United States Department of Transportation will be numeric and proceeded by "USDOT".
- 5. **GVWR** Enter the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) of the power unit. This is the value specified by the manufacturer as the carrying capacity (loaded weight) of the vehicle.

Note: The GVWR label of the power unit can usually be found on the driver's door, door-post, or door edge. The GVWR on a bus is located in the passenger compartment next to the driver's seat.

6. **GCWR** – Enter the Gross <u>Combined</u> Weight Rating (GCWR) of this vehicle. The GCWR is the sum of all GVWRs for each unit in a combination unit motor vehicle (including the truck tractor). Thus for single-unit trucks there is no difference between the GVWR and the GCWR. For combination trucks (truck tractors pulling a single semi-trailer, truck tractors pulling double or triple trailers, trucks pulling trailers, and trucks pulling other vehicles) the GCWR is the total of the GVWRs of all units in the combination.

Note: The GVWR label on a trailer is usually located on the front of the trailer near the vehicle's serial and model number, or on the tongue.

- 7. **Placard # or Name** If the vehicle has a hazardous materials placard, record the 4-digit placard number <u>or name</u> taken from the middle of the diamond and the 1-digit placard number from bottom of the diamond.
- **8.** Hazardous Material Released Check the box that indicates whether or not hazardous material was released from the cargo compartment. Hazardous material release should be documented whether or not the motor vehicle displayed a placard.

Note: Fuel spilled from the vehicle fuel tank should NOT be recorded as a hazardous material release, even though it is hazardous material.

Work Zone Related?/Workers Present?/School Bus Related?

This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report details information concerning work zones and school bus involvement in an accident.

		3	
Work Zone Related?	Workers Present?	School Bus	☐ No ☐ Indirectly Involved
☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown	□ NA □ Yes □ No □ Unknow	n Related?	☐ Directly Involved ☐ Unknown

Work Zone Data Collection Comments – The accurate recording of accidents which occur in work zones is very important in the development of countermeasures to reduce accidents and severity for both the traveling public and workers. Due to the detail of work zone data collection it is strongly recommended to review the instructions whenever reporting accidents which occur in and around work zone areas.

Work zone data collection involves four (4) data fields: Work Zone Related? Workers Present? Work Zone Type (code box 11) and Work Zone Location (code box 12). The first data field, "Work Zone Related?" is a question. If the answer to question is NO then the other 3 data fields are to be recorded as 96 – Not applicable. The first data field, "Work Zone Related?" is somewhat misleading because of the word related. The word related refers to collecting those accidents before the first warning sign or after the last exit sign **if** the accident resulted from an activity, behavior or control related to the movement of the traffic units through the work zone. ALL work zone accidents, which occur between the first warning sign and the final termination area sign, are to be recorded as work zone accidents. It is recommended to view the Diagram of a Work Zone Area – Appendix B.

1. **Work Zone Related?** – Indicate whether an accident occurred in or related to a construction, maintenance, or utility work zone, whether or not workers were actually present at the time of the accident. See Appendix B for work zone diagram.

Note: Was the accident in or near a construction, maintenance or utility work zone? If the answer to one of the 2 statements below is yes, select yes. If **No** is marked, the other work zone questions should be coded 96 for "Not applicable".

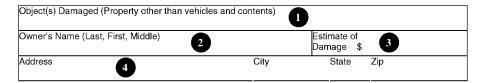
- Did the first harmful event occur within the boundaries of a work zone?
- Did the first harmful event occur on an approach to or exit from a work zone, resulting from an activity, behavior, or control related to the movement of the traffic units through the work zone?
- 2. Workers Present? Indicate whether workers were present in the work zone.
- 3. **School Bus Related** Indicate if a school bus or vehicle functioning as a school bus for a school-related purpose is directly as a contact vehicle, or indirectly as a non-contact vehicle, related to the accident.

Note: The school bus or vehicle functioning as a school bus may be owned by the school district or hired from a private company to transport children for school related purposes. The school bus or vehicle functioning as a school bus, with or without a passenger on board, must be directly involved as a contact vehicle or indirectly involved as a noncontact vehicle. Examples of indirect involvement are: a child, as a pedestrian, is struck

by a passing motor vehicle either as the child is approaching or leaving a school bus stopped with its red lights flashing; two vehicles colliding as the result of the stopped school bus, etc. Caution – Only a school bus or vehicle functioning as a school bus directly involved as a contact vehicle can be listed as a unit on the accident report. Refer to indirect involved vehicles in the narrative and draw them on the diagram only.

Object(s) Damaged

This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report details information concerning object(s) damaged other than vehicles as a result of the accident.



1. **Object(s) Damaged (Property other than vehicles and contents)** – List all objects of value damaged as a result of the accident, EXCEPT motor vehicles, motor vehicle contents (including load), persons and persons clothing. If no objects were damaged, enter "None".

Note: Example of included objects – sign posts, guard rails, fences, buildings, domestic animals with value such as cattle.

Example of excluded objects – motor vehicles either on or off the trafficway, wild animals, rocks and boulders, snow banks, embankments.

- 2. **Owner's Name** (Last, First, Middle) Enter the name of the owner(s) of the damaged object(s) listed previously. For objects such as sign posts and guard rails enter "State of South Dakota" or the appropriate county or local governmental agency.
- 3. **Estimate of Damage** Enter the total dollars amount of damage to the objects listed previously. Make the best estimate of dollar amount damage using the information you have available to you. In cases involving damage to animals of value, use the owner's estimate of value.
- 4. **Address, City, State and Zip** Enter the address of the owner(s) of the damaged object(s) listed previously. (See Appendix A for state codes)

Sequence of Events

This section of the Investigating Officer's Accident Report details information concerning the sequence of events, most harmful and first harmful events of the accident.

	Workers Present? □ NA □ Yes □ No □ Unknown		☐ No ☐ Indire	Unit 1	Unit 2	Sequence of Events
Object(s) Damaged (Proper		introduction E	"" taller ilå istac	 		First Event
		In .		——		Second Event
Owner's Name (Last, First,	Middle)		mate of rage \$			Third Event
Address	City		State Zip	. 		Fourth Event
						Most Harmful Event by Vehicle (use codes 0, 7-66 only)
				_		First Harmful Event of Accident (use codes 7-66 only)

(Front page of	of form, lower right)	Collision of a Motor Vehicle in Transport with fixed object:				
		40 Impact attenuator/crash cushion	55 Curb			
Non-collision:	Collision of a Motor Vehicle in Transport with:	41 Bridge overhead structure	56 Ditch			
0 No damage or injury, this vehicle	20 Pedestrian	42 Bridge pier or support	57 Embankment			
1 Equipment failure (tires, brakes, etc)	21 Pedalcycle	43 Bridge rail	58 Approach			
2 Separation of units3 Ran off road right4 Ran off road left	22 Railway vehicle 23 Animal - wild 24 Animal - domestic	44 Guardrail face 45 Guardrail end 46 Concrete traffic barrier	59 Construction - pavement cutout/road materials60 Fence			
5 Cross median/centerline	25 Motor vehicle in transport	47 Other traffic barrier	61 Mailbox			
6 Downhill runaway	26 Parked motor vehicle	48 Highway traffic sign post/sign	62 Tree/shrubbery			
7 Overturn/rollover	27 Motor vehicle used as equipment (Snowplow	49 Traffic signal support/signal	63 Delineator post			
8 Fire/explosion	plowing, etc)	50 Overhead sign support/sign	64 Rock			
9 Immersion	28 Work zone/maintenance equipment	51 Light/luminaire support	65 Snow bank			
10 Jackknife 11 Cargo/equipment loss or shift 12 Fell/jumped from motor vehicle 13 Other* non-collision	29 Barricade 30 Other* movable object	52 Utility pole 53 Other post, pole or support 54 Culvert	66 Other* fixed object (wall, building, tunnel, etc)			

- 1. **Sequence of Events** Code the events in sequence by vehicle from beginning to end of the accident. If more than four events occurred for a particular vehicle add subsequence events in the narrative. All codes listed above are valid for sequence of events except code "0".
- 2. **Most Harmful Event by Vehicle** Code the event that produced the most severe injury to an occupant of this vehicle or, if no injury, the greatest property damage to this vehicle. ONLY use codes 0, 7-66. Note Codes 1 through 6 are not, in themselves, harmful events.
- 3. **First Harmful Event of Accident** The First Harmful Event is assigned for the accident and classifies the event. Code the <u>first</u> injury or damage producing event that characterizes the accident. ONLY use codes 7-66. Note Codes 1 through 6 are not, in themselves, harmful events.

Example of assigning the 3 events:

A vehicle is out of control coming down a hill, the vehicle leaves the roadway on the right side, collides with a delineator post, overturns in the ditch, ejecting and pinning the driver under the vehicle.

Sequence of Events: 1-Downhill runaway: 2-Ran off road right: 3-Collision with Delineator post: 4-Overturn/rollover

First Harmful Event: Collision with Delineator (the first injury OR damage producing event)

Most Harmful Event: Overturn/rollover

Codes (Sequence of Events/Most & First Harmful Events):

Non-collision

- 0 No damage or injury, this vehicle
- 1 Equipment failure (tires, brakes, etc.)
- 2 Separation of units
- 3 Ran off road right
- 4 Ran off road left
- 5 Cross median/centerline
- 6 Downhill runaway
- 7 Overturn/rollover A motor vehicle that has overturned at least 90 degrees to its side.
- 8 Fire/explosion
- 9 Immersion Object or person covered completely by liquid.
- 10 Jackknife An uncontrolled articulation between a tractor and trailer(s) that occurs at any time during the accident sequence.
- 11 Cargo/equipment loss or shift The loss or release of the goods being transported from the cargo compartment of the truck, or the change in the position of the goods within the cargo compartment.
- 12 Fell/Jumped from motor vehicle is used when falling or jumping (not suicide) from the vehicle. For example a passenger of a motor vehicle in transport leans against the car door, it opens and the passenger falls out and is injured by the fall.
- 13 Other non-collision Includes such things as being injured within a vehicle when no collision occurs. For example, an unbelted passenger hits his or her head on the roof of a vehicle and is injured, when the vehicle travels over a sharp dip in the road. Also includes situations where a passenger is sickened or dies due to carbon monoxide fumes leaking from a motor vehicle in transport. Include in non-collision accidents are damage or injury caused when an object is thrown or falls on a vehicle.

Collision of a motor vehicle in transport with a person, vehicle, or object not fixed

- 20 Pedestrian A person who is not an occupant of a motor vehicle in transport. Includes a person who is adjacent to the motor vehicle regardless of their actions. Includes, wheelchair occupant, person on skates, skateboarders, etc.
- 21 Pedalcycle Nonmotorized vehicle propelled by pedaling. Includes bicycle, tricycle, unicycle, pedal car, etc.
- 22 Railway vehicle Any land vehicle (train, engine) that is (1) designed primarily for moving persons or property from one place to another on rails and (2) not in use on a land way other than a railway. Includes railway inspection vehicles while traveling on rails.
- 23 Animal wild Includes Deer, Antelope, etc.
- 24 Animal domestic Includes Cow, Horse, Hog, etc. Note do not use this code for domestic animals that are being used as transportation or to draw a wagon, cart or other transport device.

- 25 Motor vehicle in transport Any motorized (mechanically or electrically powered) motor vehicle not operated on rails. The term "in transport" denotes the state or condition of a transport vehicle that is in motion or within the portion of a transport way ordinarily used by similar transport vehicles. When applied to motor vehicles, "in transport" means in motion or on a roadway. Inclusions: motor vehicle in traffic on a highway, driverless motor vehicle in motion, motionless motor vehicle abandoned on a roadway, disabled motor vehicle on a roadway, etc.
- 26 Parked motor vehicle A parked motor vehicle is a motor vehicle that is <u>not</u> in motion or on a roadway (the normal driving portion of the trafficway). To be considered parked, the motor vehicle must have been outside the area designated as the roadway and not moving. If any portion of the motor vehicle outline (excluding open doors, mirrors, etc.) is on a roadway it is <u>not</u> parked.
- 27 Motor vehicle used as equipment (snowplow plowing) Use this code when there is a collision between a motor vehicle in transport and a motor vehicle used as equipment. Following is an example of a "motor vehicle used as equipment" The most common is a snowplow plowing snow or sanding the highways. Others are gravel trucks while dumping their load, pavement packers while packing, etc. Note When these motor vehicles are not being used as equipment and are being used only as transport vehicles moving persons and property from one place to another they are "motor vehicles in transport" and should be coded 25.
- 28 Work zone/maintenance equipment Equipment related to the work zone or roadway maintenance. Some examples are cranes, earthmovers, packers, etc., stationary, off the roadway. Note this would not include motor vehicles in transport or motor vehicles used as equipment stopped on a roadway or in movement within the trafficway.
- 29 Barricade A structure set up across a roadway to obstruct passage.
- 30 Other movable object Includes fallen tree, already lying in roadway; objects on the roadway which had fallen from a passing vehicle and had come to rest before being hit. Animals used as transportation, ridden animals and animals (or teams or animals) drawing a transport device (e.g., a horse drawing a sleigh, a team of horses drawing a stage coach, etc.).

Collision of a motor vehicle in transport with fixed object

- 40 Impact attenuator/crash cushion A device at a spot location, designed to prevent an errant motor vehicle from impacting a fixed object hazard by gradually decelerating the motor vehicle to a safe stop or by redirecting the motor vehicle away from the hazard. Examples include barrels filled with water or sand, and plastic collapsible structures.
- 41 Bridge overhead structure Any part of a bridge that is over the reference or subject roadway. In accident reporting, this typically refers to the beams or other structural elements supporting a bridge deck.
- 42 Bridge pier or support Support for a bridge structure other than at the ends.
- 43 Bridge rail A barrier attached to a bridge deck or a bridge parapet to restrain motor vehicles, pedestrians or other users.
- 44 Guardrail face Other than the end of the guardrail.
- 45 Guardrail end The end of the guardrail.
- 46 Concrete traffic barrier A type of permanent median made of concrete that is usually fixed but sometimes can be moved by special equipment to shift lane

- direction. This includes all temporary concrete barriers regardless of location (i.e., temporary Jersey Barrier on a bridge being used to control traffic during bridge repair/construction).
- 47 Other traffic barrier Moveable barriers including cones, chains, law enforcement vehicle, etc.
- 48 Highway traffic sign post/sign A sign intended to guide, regulate, or inform highway users. A pole, post, or structure constructed to support a highway sign intended to guide, regulate, or inform highway users.
- 49 Traffic signal support/signal A signal intended to control traffic movements by illuminating systematically, a green, yellow, or red light or by flashing a single color light. A pole, post or other type of support for a traffic signal.
- 50 Overhead sign support/sign A sign above the highway intended to guide, regulate or inform highway users. A pole, post, or structure constructed to support a highway sign intended to guide, regulate, or inform highway users.
- 51 Light/luminaire support Light unit and supports for highway lighting systems.
- 52 Utility pole Constructed for the primary function of supporting an electric line, telephone line or other electrical-electronic transmission line or cable.
- 53 Other post, pole, or support Used for posts other that highway signs.
- 54 Culvert An enclosed structure providing free passage of water under a roadway with a clear opening of less than twenty feet (6m) measured along the center of the roadway.
- 55 Curb A raised edge or border to a roadway. Curbs may be constructed of concrete, asphalt, or wood and typically have a face height of less than 9 inches (225 mm).
- 56 Ditch Developed primarily to collect and move water. It is adjacent to a highway and is usually identified as the roadside.
- 57 Embankment A mound of earth or stone built to hold back water or to support a roadway.
- 58 Approach Usually constructed of earth and developed primarily to provide access to another roadway including field approaches.
- 59 Construction pavement cutout/road materials
- 60 Fence
- 61 Mailbox
- 62 Tree/Shrubbery Tree/shrub is upright and in the ground. A standing tree is a fixed object as opposed to a fallen tree, which is a moveable object.
- 63 Delineator post A reflective device mounted at regular intervals along the side of the road to indicate the horizontal alignment of the roadway. Delineators are oriented to face the driver for each approach. They are not used at intersections that generally have lighting and/or well-marked lane indications.
- 64 Rock
- 65 Snow bank
- 66 Other fixed object (wall, building, tunnel, etc.)

Back Page Instructions

Transported to:/EMS Trip #/Seating Position/Persons Injured

This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report details information concerning Transported to:/EMS Trip #/Seating Position/Injuries.

C	perator 14 1 2 3 11 4 5 6 17 7 8 9 11	3 – Front row other 4 – Second row other 5 – Third row other 6 – Fourth row other 7 – Motorcycle passenger 8 – Pedalcycle passenger 9 – Bus passenger 0 – Trailing unit	21 – On vehicle exterior (non-trailing unit) 22 – Unenclosed cargo area 23 – Enclosed cargo area 24 – Sleeper section of cab (truck) 25 – Seating Position "1" NOT Operator 96 – Not applicable (Pedestrian) 97 – Other 99 – Unknown		Unit No.	Unit Type	Sex	Seating Position	Injury Status	Ejection	Source of Transport	Air Bag Deployed	Safety Equipment
	UNIT 1	Transported to:		EMS Trip #		7	8		9	10	1	12	B
	UNIT 2	Transported to:	_	EMS Trip #									
	1. Name:			Date of Birth 4									
	Address:			Transported to:					EMS Trip #				
HEC.	2. Name:			Date of Birth									
INJURIED	Address:			Transported to:					EMS T	rip #			
SNC	3. Name:			Date of Birth									
ERSONS	Address:			Transported to:					EMS T	rip#			
l g	4. Name:			Date of Birth									
	Address:			Transported to:					EMS T	rip#			

NOTE: Codes for Unit Type, Sex, Injury Status, Ejection, Source of Transport, Air Bag Deployed and Safety Equipment are located at the top of the back page of the overlay. Only one code should be used in each box.

- 1. **Transported to:** Enter the name of the medical facility (doctor's office, clinic, hospital) or funeral home where the injured or killed person was taken in the "Transported to:" field. List the first place the person was taken. If not taken anywhere, enter "None".
- 2. **EMS Trip #** Enter the emergency medical services (EMS) trip number assigned to the injured person transported.
- 3. Name and Address of Person Injured Enter the full name and address of all injured passengers. This would include passengers in motor vehicles, bicycle passengers, railway train passengers, etc. (See Appendix A for state codes)
- 4. **Date of Birth of Person Injured** Enter the date of birth of the person in the persons injured name field. Date of birth should be entered in the Month/Day/Year format.
- 5. **Unit No.** Enter the number corresponding to the unit in which the injured person was a passenger.

- 6. **Seating Position** Enter the seating position of the person identified for this unit. See codes on the back of form in the upper left hand side.
 - 1 Front row left seat 11 – Fourth row - middle seat 21 – On vehicle exterior (non-trailing unit) 2 – Front row - middle seat 12 – Fourth row - right seat 22 - Unenclosed cargo area 3 – Front row - right seat 13 – Front row other 23 - Enclosed cargo area 4 – Second row - left seat 14 – Second row other 24 – Sleeper section of cab (truck) 25 – Seating Position "1" NOT Operator 5 – Second row - middle seat 15 – Third row other 6 – Second row - right seat 96 – Not applicable (Pedestrian) 16 – Fourth row other 7 – Third row - left seat 17 – Motorcycle passenger 97 - Other 8 – Third row - middle seat 18 – Pedalcycle passenger 99 - Unknown 9 – Third row - right seat 19 – Bus passenger 10 – Fourth row - left seat 20 – Trailing unit
 - 1 Front row left seat Operators of: moped/motorcycle, snowmobile, bicycle, railway vehicle, animal (with rider), animal drawn vehicle, motor vehicle in transport with driver and motor vehicle used as equipment. Note- See code 25 for persons in the 01 seating position in parked and driverless motor vehicles.
 - 2 Front row middle seat Use this code for persons seated in the middle seat of the front row. If there are more than three persons seated side by side, use this code for all persons other than those seated on the far left and far right.
 - 3 Front row right seat
 - 4 Second row left seat
 - 5 Second row middle seat Use this code for persons seated in the middle seat of the second row. If there are more than three persons seated side by side, use this code for all persons other than those seated on the far left and far right.
 - 6 Second row right seat
 - 7 Third row left seat
 - 8 Third row middle seat Use this code for persons seated in the middle seat of the third row. If there are more than three persons seated side by side use this code for all persons other than those seated on the far left and far right.
 - 9 Third row right seat
 - 10 Fourth row left seat
 - 11 Fourth row middle seat Use this code for persons seated in the middle seat of the fourth row. If there are more than three persons seated side by side use this code for all persons other than those seated on the far left and far right.
 - 12 Fourth row right seat
 - 13 Front row other This code should be used for persons lying on the first row seat or lying on the floor in front of first row seat.
 - 14 Second row other This code should be used for persons lying on the second row seat or lying on the floor in front of second row seat.
 - 15 Third row other This code should be used for persons lying on the third row seat or lying on the floor in front of third row seat.
 - 16 Fourth row other This code should be used for persons lying on the fourth row seat or lying on the floor in front of fourth row seat.
 - 17 Motorcycle passenger Use this code for motorcycle passengers including motorcycle sidecar passengers.
 - 18 Pedalcycle passenger
 - 19 Bus passenger Use this code for all persons in buses, excluding the operator.
 - 20 Trailing unit in camper, utility trailer, semi trailer, etc.

- 21 On vehicle exterior (non-trailing unit) hood, running board, top, etc.
- 22 Unenclosed cargo area pickup box
- 23 Enclosed cargo area back of seat-less cargo van
- 24 Sleeper section of cab (truck) This code is only applicable for tractor/semi-trailer vehicle configurations with attached sleeper sections.
- 25 01 Seating position <u>NOT</u> operator parked car with person in 01 seating position, driverless motor vehicle with small child in 01 seating position
- 96 Not applicable pedestrian
- 97 Other* passengers of railway vehicle, snowmobile, moped, all terrain, animal drawn vehicle and persons seated in vans with more than 4 rows.
- 99 Unknown
- 7 Unit Type Code the type of unit for which information is being collected.
 - 1 Motor vehicle in transport with driver
 - 2 Motor vehicle parked A parked motor vehicle is a motor vehicle that is <u>not</u> in motion or on a roadway (the normal driving portion of a trafficway). To be considered parked, the motor vehicle must have been outside the area designated as the roadway and not moving. If any portion of the motor vehicle outline (excluding open doors, mirrors, etc.) is on a roadway it is not parked.
 - 3 Motor vehicle in transport without driver not parked
 - 4 Motor vehicle used as equipment (snowplow plowing, etc.)
 - 5 Pedestrian
 - 6 Pedalcycle
 - 7 Railway vehicle
 - 8 Animal (with rider)
 - 9 Animal drawn vehicle
- 8 Sex Enter the code indicating the sex of each person listed.
 - 1 Male
 - 2 Female
 - 99 Unknown
- 9 **Injury Status** Enter the code for the injury status which best describes the injuries resulting from the motor vehicle traffic accident for each person listed.
 - Fatal An injury which results in death. An injury caused death that occurs within 30 days of an accident is considered an accident fatality.
 - 2 Incapacitating injury Any injury, other than a fatal injury, which prevents the injured person from walking, driving or normally continuing the activities the person was capable of performing before the injury occurred.

INCLUDED:

Severe lacerations

Broken or distorted limbs

Skull or chest injuries

Abdominal injuries

Unconsciousness at or when taken from scene

Unable to leave the accident scene without assistance

EXCLUDED:

Momentary unconsciousness

3 Non-incapacitating injury – Any injury, other than a fatal injury or an incapacitating injury, which is evident to observers at the accident scene.

INCLUDED:

Lumps on head, abrasions, bruises, minor lacerations

EXCLUDED:

Limping (injury cannot be seen).

4 Possible injury – Any injury reported or claimed which is not a fatal injury, incapacitating injury, or non-incapacitating injury.

INCLUDED:

Momentary unconsciousness

Claim of injuries not evident/visible

Limping

Nausea

Hysteria

Complaint of pain.

- 5 No injury
- 10 **Ejection** Enter the code that describes the condition of each person with respect to ejection. Note that Code 96 "not applicable" should be used for pedestrians, motorcycle, snowmobile, pedalcycle operators and passengers.
 - 0 Not ejected
 - 1 Ejected, Totally Occupant's body completely thrown from the motor vehicle as a result of the accident.
 - 2 Ejected, Partially The location of an occupant's body not completely thrown from the motor vehicle as a result of the accident.
 - 96 Not applicable (motorcycle, snowmobile, pedestrian, pedalcyclist, etc.)
 - 99 Unknown
- 11 **Source of Transport** Code the source that transported an injured person to a medical facility.
 - 0 Not Transported
 - 1 EMS
 - 2 Law Enforcement
 - 97 Other*
 - 99 Unknown
- 12 **Air Bag Deployed** Code the airbag deployment for each person. Note that Code 96 "not applicable" should be used for pedestrians, motorcycle, snowmobile, and pedalcycle operators and passengers.
 - 0 Not-deployed (if airbag is not installed or not available for a motor vehicle code "0" zero)
 - 1 Deployed-front
 - 2 Deployed-side
 - 3 Deployed-other (knee, air belt, etc.)

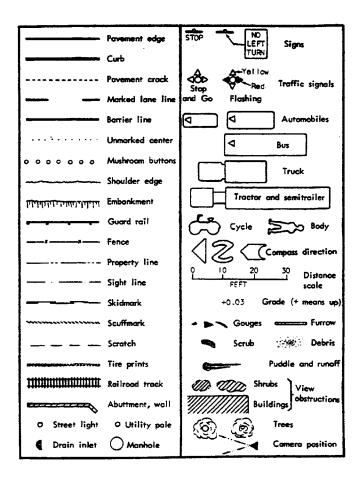
- 4 Deployed-combination
- 96 Not applicable (motorcycle, snowmobile, pedestrian, pedalcyclist, etc.)
- 99 Unknown
- 13 **Safety Equipment** Code the appropriate safety equipment used for each person. Indicate only protective devices that are being used.
 - 0 None used
 - 1 Lap belt only used
 - 2 Shoulder harness only used
 - 3 Lap belt and shoulder harness used
 - 4 Helmet only This code is appropriate for both operators and passengers of motorcycles, mopeds, snowmobiles and pedalcyclists.
 - 5 Eye protection only This code is appropriate for both operators and passengers of motorcycles, mopeds, snowmobiles and pedalcyclists.
 - 6 Helmet and eye protection This code is appropriate for both operators and passengers of motorcycles, mopeds, snowmobiles and pedalcyclists.
 - 7 Child/Youth restraint system used properly Use this code, as an example, when the child has been properly placed and secured in a child safety seat and the safety seat has be properly secured in the vehicle.
 - 8 Child/Youth restraint system used, <u>not</u> properly Use this code, as an example, when the child has been properly placed and secured in a child safety seat but the safety seat is not secured in the vehicle or when the safety seat is secured in the vehicle but the child is not secured in the safety seat.
 - 9 Protective pads used (Non-Motorist Only)
 - 10 Reflective clothing (Non-Motorist Only)
 - 11 Lighting (Non-Motorist Only)
 - 97 Other*
 - 99 Unknown

Accident Diagram

This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report should be used to draw a picture that visually details how the accident occurred. The accident diagram, in conjunction with the accident narrative, describes the main events of the accident and shows the sequence of events prior to and during the accident. Draw an accident diagram according to the following guidelines.

- 1. Indicate North on the diagram by inserting an arrow in the circle provided.
- 2. Draw the trafficway layout at the accident scene. The diagram should show the lanes of each roadway, shoulders, medians, roadsides, fence lines, etc.
- 3. Draw each unit (motor vehicle, bicycle driver, pedestrian, train, etc.) at the point of impact with solid lines and number it to correspond with the unit numbers assigned on the front page of the report.
- 4. Indicate the direction from which each unit came with a solid arrow.

- 5. Draw a broken line from the point of impact to the final resting place for each unit.
- 6. Draw in any physical features of importance such as view obstructions, traffic signs/signals, fixed objects, centerlines, no-passing zones, etc.
- 7. Indicate the names of all trafficways.
- 8. Include pertinent measurements such as length of skid marks and distance from centerline or edge of roadway.
- 9. Indicate if a motor vehicle overturned, and if possible, the number of times.
- 10. The use of Northwestern University Traffic Institute Templates is recommended when they are available. See examples of symbols below:



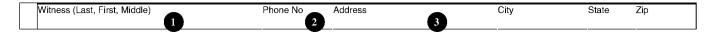
Accident Narrative

This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report should be used to describe the main events of the accident and provide a time sequence to aid in the understanding of the accident diagram. Remember someone reading the accident report will not have the benefit of viewing the accident scene like the investigating officer does. When someone reads the accident narrative, the sequence of events in the accident should be clear. Use the following guidelines in writing the accident narrative.

- 1. Refer to vehicles, drivers, and other persons involved in the accident by the unit numbers assigned to them on Front of the accident report.
- 2. There are a number of data elements on the OVERLAY which have the code "Other*". The OVERLAY instructs the officer to "explain in narrative" those data elements coded 97 Other*.
- 3. The narrative along with the diagram should include a description of the first injury or damage causing event as well as the manner in which the units collided if appropriate.
- 4. If more space is needed, attach an extra sheet.

Witness

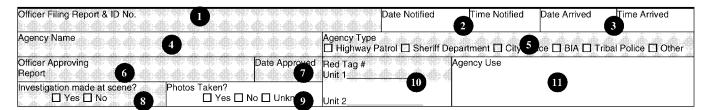
This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report should be used to acquire information concerning witnesses who saw the accident occur.



- 1. Witness (Last, First, Middle): Enter the Witness's full name.
- 2. **Phone No** Enter the Witness's complete telephone number.
- 3. **Address, City, State and Zip** Enter the Witness's complete address, city, state and zip code. (See Appendix A for state codes)

Officer

This section of the Investigating Officers Accident Report is used to enter information concerning the officer that responded to the accident.



1. **Officer Filing Report & ID No.** – Enter the name and identification number of the law enforcement officer filing the accident report. The officer filing the report will be the

investigating officer when only one officer investigates an accident. In cases where an accident is investigated by multiple officers from the same agency or by officers from more than one agency, the name entered should be for the officer who has PRIMARY responsibility for the report. Only one name should be entered in this area.

- 2. **Date Notified/Time Notified** Enter the date and time a law enforcement agency was notified of the accident occurrence. In cases where there were multiple notifications (e.g. Sheriff and Highway Patrol both notified), enter the date and time of the first notification. Date should be entered in the Month/Day/Year format. Time MUST be entered in a 24 hour clock format. Note that Midnight = "0000". Please note! For accident reporting, 2400 is NOT a valid time. One minute after midnight is entered as "0001".
- 3. **Date Arrived/Time Arrived** Enter the date and time a law enforcement agency arrived at the accident scene. In cases where multiple agencies are involved in an accident investigation, enter the date and time that the first agency arrived. Date should be entered in the Month/Day/Year format. Time MUST be entered in a 24 hour clock format. Note that Midnight = "0000". Please note! For accident reporting, 2400 is NOT a valid time. One minute after midnight is entered as "0001".

FOR ACCIDENTS NOT INVESTIGATED AT THE SCENE: Enter "NA" not applicable for Date Arrived, and enter "NA" for Time Arrived.

- 4. **Agency Name** Enter the name of the agency filing the report. This is the complete agency name, e.g., Hughes County Sheriff. Do NOT just enter agency type.
- 5. **Agency Type** Check the box to indicate the agency type filing the report.
- 6. **Officer Approving Report** Enter the name of the law enforcement officer who approved the accident report.
- 7. **Date Approved** Enter the date on which the accident report was approved using the mm/dd/yy format.
- 8. **Investigation made at scene?** Indicate whether or not the investigation was made at the scene by checking the "yes" or "no" box.
- 9. **Photos Taken?** Indicate whether or not photographs of the accident scene were taken by checking the "Yes", "No" or "Unknown" box. It is the responsibility of the law enforcement agency taking photographs to retain them. Photographs should NOT be submitted with the accident report.
- 10. **Red Tag #** Enter the number of the red tag issued for the damaged motor vehicle.
- 11. **Agency Use** This space is available for the law enforcement agency's use.

Front Page Overlay Instructions

Place the Front Page Overlay over the Front Page of the Accident Report. There are data elements on the Front Page Overlay numbered 1 through 19. MAKE SURE the arrows on the overlay line up with the corresponding boxes in the left and right margins of Front Page of the accident report. Only one code should be used in each box.

Vehicle Level Information: Data elements 1 thru 10 and 13 thru 19

Accident Level Information: Data elements 11 and 12

Vehicle Configuration (1)

Vehicle Configuration	10 Moped	22 Tractor/doubles			
1 Passenger car	11 All terrain vehicle/4 wheeler	23 Tractor/triples			
2 SUV (sport utility/suburban)	12 Snowmobile	24 Tractor/mobile home			
3 Mini-van/passenger van with seats for 8 or less,	13 Farm machinery	97 Other*			
including driver	14 Heavy equipment	99 Unknown			
4 Cargo van - GVWR 10,000 lbs or less	15 Light truck (2-axles, 4 tires)				
5 Cargo van - GVWR 10,001 lbs or more	16 Single-unit truck (2 axle, 6 tires) GVWF	16 Single-unit truck (2 axle, 6 tires) GVWR 10,000 lbs or less			
6 Van/Bus with seats for 9-15 people, including driver	17 Single-unit truck (2-axle, 6 tires) GVWF	R 10,001 lbs or more			
7 Van/Bus with seats for 16 or more people,	18 Single-unit truck (3 or more axles)				
including driver	19 Truck pulling trailer(s) - GCWR 10,001	lbs or more			
8 Motor home	20 Truck tractor only (bobtail)				
9 Motorcycle	21 Tractor/semi-trailer				

USE ONLY WHEN THE UNIT IS A MOTOR VEHICLE

Enter the code which best indicates the general style of the accident involved motor vehicle. The coding box should be crossed out with an "X" or "-" when the unit is not a motor vehicle.

- 1 Passenger car
- 2 SUV (sport utility/suburban) Sport Utility Vehicles for this manual are defined by the models listed as examples. Some examples are: Toyota 4Runner, Nissan Murano, Chrysler Pacifica, Honda Pilot, and Mitsubishi Endeavor, Lexus RX 330, Infiniti FX, Cadillac SRX, Ford Explorer and Expedition, GMC Jimmy/Envoy, Chevrolet Blazer, Buick Rendezvous, Chevrolet Suburban and Tahoe, and others.
- 3 Mini-van/passenger van with seats for 8 or less, including driver
- 4 Cargo van GVWR 10,000 lbs or less
- 5 Cargo van GVWR 10,001 lbs or more)
- 6 Van/Bus with seats for 9 -15 people, including driver
- 7 Van/Bus with seats for 16 or more people, including driver
- 8 Motor Home
- 9 Motorcycle Note! Some vehicles which look like mopeds are officially classified as motorcycles. See moped category.
- 10 Moped Only vehicles OFFICIALLY classified as mopeds should be included in this category. A vehicle officially classified as a moped meets ALL of the following criteria: Motor driven cycle equipped with two or three wheels, if combustion engine is used the maximum piston or rotor displacement shall be fifty cubic centimeters, power drive system that functions directly or automatically only, not requiring clutching or shifting after the drive system is engaged. (See definition SDCL 32-20-1)
- 11 All terrain vehicle / 4 wheeler
- 12 Snowmobile

- 13 Farm machinery Examples include farm tractors, combines, motorized windrowers, motorized spraying equipment, etc.
- 14 Heavy equipment Examples include motor graders, end loaders, tractors with backhoes and/or loaders mounted, truck mounted cranes and backhoes, scrapers, etc.
- 15 Light truck (2-axle, 4 tires) Includes vehicles of pickup design.
- 16 Single-unit truck (2-axle, 6 tires) GVWR 10,000 lbs or less)
- 17 Single-unit truck (2-axle, 6 tires) GVWR 10,001 lbs or more) Note If the vehicle fits this configuration use "17" even if this vehicle is pulling a trailer(s). DO NOT use code "19". Please see comments under code "19". Code "19" is to be used for those light trucks with a GVWR of 10,000 lbs or less which are pulling a trailer or trailers.
- 18 Single-unit truck (3 or more axles) Note If the vehicle fits this configuration use "18" even if this vehicle is pulling a trailer(s). DO NOT use code "19". Please see comments under code "19". Code "19" is to be used for those light trucks with a GVWR of 10,000 lbs or less which are pulling a trailer or trailers.
- 19 Truck pulling trailer(s) GCWR 10,001 lbs or more This code is to identify those light trucks, code = "15" and single-unit trucks (2-axle, 6 tires) GVWR 10,000 lbs or less, code = "16" that when combined with trailer(s) have a gross combined weight rating (GCWR) of 10,001 lbs or more. GCWR is derived by combining the GVWR of the power unit and all trailers attached to the power unit. Do NOT use code "19", truck pulling trailers if vehicle configuration is code "17" or "18", even if vehicle configuration "17" or "18" is pulling a trailer or trailers. Also do NOT use "19" in place of codes "20", "21", "22", "23", or "24".
- 20 Truck tractor only (bobtail)
- 21 Tractor/semi-trailer
- 22 Tractor/doubles
- 23 Tractor/triples
- 24 Tractor/mobile home
- 25 Other* This category should ONLY be used when one of the categories listed above cannot adequately describe the motor vehicle configuration. If this category is used, it MUST be explained in the accident narrative.
- 99 Unknown

Trailer Type (2)

Trailer Type	
No trailer/attachment	8 Small Utility (one axle)
1 Semi-trailer/double/triple	9 Large Utility (2 or more axles)
2 Pup trailer	10 Combination (camper, boat, etc.)
3 Mobile home	11 Farm trailer (gravity box,
4 Camping trailer	hay rack, etc)
5 Boat trailer	12 Farm equipment (disk, plow, etc.)
6 Horse trailer	97 Other*
7 Towed motor vehicle	99 Unknown

USE ONLY WHEN THE UNIT IS A MOTOR VEHICLE

Enter the code that describes the type of trailer or attachment attached to the motor vehicle. The coding box should be crossed out with an "X" when the unit is pedestrian, pedalcycle, railway vehicle, animal with rider, or animal drawn vehicle.

- 0 No trailer/attachment Use this code if the unit does not have a trailer or attachment of any type.
- 1 Semi-trailer/double/triple When vehicle configuration is coded 21 tractor/semi-trailer, 22 tractor/doubles, or 23 tractor/triples this code must be used.
- 2 Pup trailer A small version of the single-unit truck used to haul material like the truck. Example: a gravel truck pulling a smaller pup trailer.

- 3 Mobile home
- 4 Camping trailer
- 5 Boat trailer
- 6 Horse trailer
- 7 Towed motor vehicle
- 8 Small utility (one axle)
- 9 Large utility (2 or more axles)
- 10 Combination (camper and boat, etc.)
- 11 Farm trailer (gravity box, hay rack, etc.)
- 12 Farm equipment (disk, plow, etc.)
- 97 Other* Use this code ONLY if one of the other trailer type codes given above does not adequately describe the trailer/attachment. If this code is used, it MUST be explained in the narrative.
- 99 Unknown

Cargo Body Type (3)

Cargo Body Type	
0 No cargo body	7 Dump
1 Bus	8 Concrete mixer
2 Van/enclosed box	9 Auto transporter
3 Hopper (Grain/chips/gravel)	10 Garbage/refuse
4 Pole	97 Other*
5 Cargo tank	99 Unknown
6 Flatbed	

This data element must be collected for those units meeting the commercial vehicle criteria listed below:

<u>IF</u> the vehicle meets one or more of the following:

- The vehicle has a Gross Combined Weight Rating (GCWR) of 10,001 or more pounds.
- The vehicle displays a hazardous material placard.
- The vehicle is designed to transport 9 or more people, including driver.

AND, the accident resulted in one or more of the following:

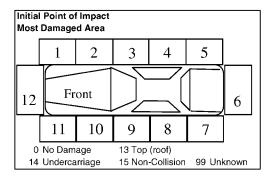
- A fatality occurred.
- An injury requiring transportation for immediate medical attention.
- Any vehicle was disabled requiring a towaway from the scene. Note please review instructions for data field "Vehicle Towed?".

Enter the code that describes the cargo body type of the commercial motor vehicle. The coding box should be crossed out with an "X" when the unit is not a vehicle meeting the motor carrier data requirements. Note – Some light trucks of the pickup design may have a GVWR of 10,001 lbs. or more but should be coded as 00 – No cargo body.

- 0 No cargo body Includes placarded cars, truck tractor only, pickups, etc.
- 1 Bus
- 2 Van/enclosed box
- 3 Hopper (Grain/chips/gravel)
- 4 Pole a pole trailer is used to carry logs or other long objects. The unloaded trailer resembles an extended pole with no flat surface as with a flatbed trailer.
- 5 Cargo tank
- 6 Flatbed

- 7 Dump
- 8 Concrete mixer
- 9 Auto transporter
- 10 Garbage/refuse
- 97 Other
- 99 Unknown

Initial Point of Impact (4) / Most Damaged Area (5)



Refer to the diagram that represents a vehicle or combination of vehicles and enter the codes that best indicate the **Initial Point of Impact** where the first damage occurred on the vehicle and the area of the unit that was the **Most Damaged Area**.

Note – The only time the actual impact points would be coded would be if the vehicle incurred damage from impacting against a vehicle or object at any time during the accident, whether an overturn occurs or not. If the only event is an overturn, the accident is considered a non-collision and the impact points are coded 15. Hitting the ground is not regarded as an impact.

Note – The diagram appears to represent a car. However, it can be adapted for any type of vehicle or combination. For example; if the vehicle is a truck tractor/semi-trailer combination and the first damage was close to the rear on the left side of the semi-trailer, the correct Initial Point of Impact code will be "7".

- 0 No Damage
- 12-point clock diagram (See Appendix C)
- 13 Top (roof)
- 14 Undercarriage Wheel impacts are included in undercarriage.
- 15 Non-collision Overturning, jackknife, fire, etc.
- 99 Unknown

Underride/Override (6)

Underride/Override

- 0 No underride or override
- 1 Underride, compartment intrusion
- 2 Underride, no compartment intrusion
- 3 Underride, compartment intrusion unknown
- 4 Override, motor vehicle in transport
- 5 Override, other motor vehicle

99 Unknown if underride or override

Enter the Underride/Override code. An underride refers to a motor vehicle sliding under another motor vehicle during the accident. An override refers to this motor vehicle riding up over another motor vehicle. Either can occur with a parked motor vehicle. This data element refers to the vehicle doing the override or which underrides another vehicle. Examples, (1) a car underriding the side of a truck would be coded for the car. You would <u>not</u> in-turn code override for the truck. (2) a truck changes lanes and turns over a car traveling along side the truck, you would code override for the truck but would <u>not</u> in this case code underride for the car.

Codes:

- 0 None No underride or override
- 1 Underride, compartment intrusion
- 2 Underride, no compartment intrusion
- 3 Underride, compartment intrusion unknown
- 4 Override, motor vehicle in transport
- 5 Override, other motor vehicle (parked)
- 99 Unknown if underride or override

Alcohol Use (7)

١	Alcohol Use	
١	None used	99 Unknown
١	1 Alcohol used	

COLLECT FOR UNIT OPERATOR (THOSE PERSONS WHO ARE ASSIGNED SEATING POSITION CODE 1) AND PEDESTRIANS

Investigating officer's assessment of whether alcohol was used by the unit operator or pedestrian.

NOTE: An indication of alcohol use in this area does not necessarily imply that alcohol use was a contributing circumstance. Alcohol use should be coded here whether or not it is coded as a contributing circumstance.

- 0 None used. This code should be used if there is no alcohol use by the unit operator or pedestrian.
- 1 Alcohol used. This code should be used if there is reasonable evidence to suggest that the unit operator or pedestrian has alcohol in his/her bloodstream. Use of this code does not necessarily mean or imply a DUI situation. It should be used in all circumstances when evidence suggests drinking, which includes both DUI and non-DUI.
- 99 Unknown. Use this code when it is impossible to determine whether or not there is alcohol in the unit operator or pedestrian's bloodstream

Alcohol Test Status (8)

Alcohol Test Status
Test results (list actual BAC)
90 Test refused
91 Test not given
92 Test given, contaminated sample/unusable
93 Test given, but unobtainable at time report filed
99 Unknown

COLLECT FOR UNIT OPERATOR (THOSE PERSONS WHO ARE ASSIGNED SEATING POSITION CODE 1) AND PEDESTRIANS

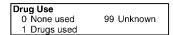
If a Blood Alcohol Concentration test was administered, the results of the test should be entered in the space provided. A decimal point is implied before the first digit of the number entered. For example, a test result of "0.15" should be entered as "15". For law enforcement agencies without breath testing equipment, results of chemical tests will not be available immediately. HOLD THE ACCIDENT REPORT UP TO 5 WORKING DAYS TO ALLOW FOR THE RESULTS OF CHEMICAL TESTS TO BE RETURNED. If the results of a chemical test are not available in 5 working days, the report should be submitted without the BAC value. If a test was administered and the report is submitted without the results, "93" should be coded in the space provided for test results. The following additional codes may be used for this data element.

Codes:

Test results (list actual BAC)

- 90 Test refused
- 91 Test not given
- 92 Test given, contaminated sample/unusable
- 93 Test given, but unobtainable at time report filed
- 99 Unknown

Drug Use (9)



COLLECT FOR UNIT OPERATOR (THOSE PERSONS WHO ARE ASSIGNED SEATING POSITION CODE 1) AND PEDESTRIANS

Investigating officer's assessment of whether drugs were used by the unit operator or pedestrian..

NOTE: An indication of drug use in this area does not necessarily imply that drug use was a contributing circumstance. Drug use should be coded here whether or not it is coded as a contributing circumstance.

- None used. This code should be used if there is no drug use by the unit operator or pedestrian.
- 1 Drugs used. This code should be used if there is reasonable evidence to suggest that the unit operator or pedestrian. have drugs in his/her bloodstream. Use of this code does not necessarily mean or imply a DUI situation. It should be used in all circumstances when

evidence suggests drug use, which includes both DUI and non-DUI. Note – This pertains only to drugs which could possibly affect driving performance. Drugs of this type include both legal drugs (prescription and over the counter) and illegal drugs. Examples of drugs which would be included are barbiturates, tranquilizers, cold and hay fever medications, marijuana, PCP, LSD, cocaine, etc. Examples of drugs which are not included in this category are aspirin, vitamins, etc.

99 Unknown. Use this code when it is impossible to determine whether or not there are drugs in the unit operator or pedestrian's bloodstream

Drug Test Status (10)

Drug Test Status 1 Test refused 5 Test given, contaminated sample/unusable 2 Test not given 6 Test given, but unobtainable at time report filed 3 Test given, no drugs reported 4 Test given, drugs reported 99 Unknown

COLLECT FOR UNIT OPERATOR (THOSE PERSONS WHO ARE ASSIGNED SEATING POSITION CODE 1) AND PEDESTRIANS

If a drug test was administered, HOLD THE ACCIDENT REPORT UP TO 5 WORKING DAYS TO ALLOW FOR THE RESULTS OF THE TEST TO BE RETURNED. If a test was administered and the report is submitted without the results, "6" should be coded in the space provided for test results. The following additional codes may be used for this data element.

Codes:

- 1 Test refused
- 2 Test not given
- 3 Test given, no drugs reported
- 4 Test given, drugs reported
- 5 Test given, contaminated sample/unusable
- 6 Test given, but unobtainable at time of report filed
- 99 Unknown

Work Zone Data Collection Comments – The accurate recording of accidents which occur in work zones is very important in the development of countermeasures to reduce accidents and severity for both the traveling public and workers. Due to the detail of work zone data collection it is strongly recommended to review the instructions whenever reporting accidents which occur in and around work zone areas.

Work Zone Type(code box 11) and Work Zone Location(code box 12). The first data field, "Work Zone Related?" is a question. If the answer to question is NO then the other 3 data fields are to be recorded as 96 – Not applicable. The first data field, "Work Zone Related?" is somewhat misleading because of the word related. The word related refers to collecting those accidents before the first warning sign or after the last exit sign **if** the accident resulted from an activity, behavior or control related to the movement of the traffic units through the work zone. ALL work zone accidents which occur between the first warning sign and the final termination area sign are to be recorded as work zone accidents. It is recommended to view the Diagram of a Work Zone Area – Appendix B.

Work Zone Type (11)

Work Zone Type		
96 Not applicable	3 Work on shoulder or median	97 Other*
1 Lane closure	4 Intermittent or moving work	99 Unknown
2 Lane shift/crossover	· ·	

An accident that occurs in or related to a construction, maintenance, or utility work zone, whether or not workers were actually present at the time of the accident. 'Work zone related' accidents may also include those involving motor vehicles slowed or stopped because of the work zone, even if the first harmful event occurred before the first warning sign. (See Appendix B for diagram of work zone areas.)

Codes:

96 Not applicable

- 1 Lane closure
- 2 Lane shift/crossover
- 3 Work on shoulder or median
- 4 Intermittent or moving work
- 97 Other
- 99 Unknown

Work Zone Location (12)

Work Zone Location

- 96 Not applicable
- 1 Before the first work zone warning sign
- 2 Advance warning area (after the first warning sign but before the work area)
- 3 Transition area (where lanes are shifted or tapered for lane closure)
- 4 Activity area (adjacent to actual work area, whether workers and equipment were present or not)
- 5 Termination area (after the activity area but before traffic resumes normal conditions)
- 99 Unknown

An accident that occurs in or related to a construction, maintenance, or utility work zone, whether or not workers were actually present at the time of the accident. 'Work zone related' accidents may also include those involving motor vehicles slowed or stopped because of the work zone, even if the first harmful event occurred before the first warning sign. (See Appendix B for diagram of work zone areas.)

Codes:

96 Not applicable

- 1 Before the first work zone warning sign
- 2 Advance warning area (after the first warning sign but before the work area)
- 3 Transition area (where lanes are shifted or tapered for lane closure)
- 4 Activity Area (adjacent to actual work area, whether workers and equipment were present or not)
- 5 Termination area (after the activity area but before traffic resumes normal conditions)
- 99 Unknown

COLLECT "TRAVEL DIRECTION BEFORE ACCIDENT" FOR UNIT TYPES: MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT WITH DRIVER, MOTOR VEHICLE PARKED, MOTOR VHICLE IN TRANSPORT WITHOUT DRIVER, MOTOR VEHICLE USED AS EQUIPMENT AND PEDALCYCLE

Travel Direction Before Accident (13)

Travel Direction Before Accident

- 1 Northbound
- 2 Southbound3 Eastbound
- 4 Westbound
- 5 Not on roadway (also use for parked motor vehicle)
- 96 Not applicable (immobile from previous accident, stuck, etc).99 Unknown

The direction of a vehicle's travel on the roadway before the accident. Notice that this is not a compass direction, but a direction consistent with the designated direction of the road. For example, the direction of a state designated north-south highway must be either northbound or southbound even though a vehicle may have been traveling due east as a result of a short segment of the highway having an east-west orientation.

Codes:

- 1 Northbound
- 2 Southbound
- 3 Eastbound
- 4 Westbound
- 5 Not on roadway (also use for parked motor vehicle) Note If a vehicle is STOPPED in traffic ON a ROADWAY do <u>NOT</u> use this code. Indicate the travel direction of the vehicle before it stopped on the roadway.
- 96 Not applicable (immobile from previous accident, stuck, etc)
- 99 Unknown

Driver Contributing Circumstances (14)

Driver Contributing Circumstances	
0 None	16 Running off road
1 Failed to yield to vehicle	17 Swerving or avoiding due to wind, slippery
2 Failed to yield to pedestrian	surface, vehicle, object, non-motorist, etc.
3 Disregarded traffic signs or signals	18 Over-correcting/over-steering
4 Exceeded posted speed limit	19 Fatigued/asleep
5 Driving too fast for conditions	20 Drinking
6 Improper turn	21 Drugs-medication
7 Wrong side or wrong way	22 Drugs-Other
8 Improper signal or failure to signal	23 Illness (heart attack, stroke, etc.)
9 Improper lane change	24 Physical impairment
10 Improper passing	25 Illegally in roadway
11 Improper start from parked position	26 Cell phone
12 Improper parking	27 Other* electronic device (list in narrative)
13 Improper backing	28 Distracted (list distraction in narrative)
14 Followed too closely	97 Other*
15 Failure to keep in proper lane	99 Unknown

Two codes should be entered for each motor vehicle with a driver. If there are less than two contributing circumstances, "0" should be entered in the remaining boxes. Note that some of the codes listed below overlap with each other in certain situations. Since up to two contributing circumstances may be coded, two codes which overlap in a particular accident situation can both be entered if necessary. If there are more than two codes which fit the accident situation, use the two which BEST describe the contributing circumstances for the accident.

Codes:

0 None

- 1 Failed to yield to vehicle
- 2 Failed to yield to pedestrian
- 3 Disregarded traffic signs or signals
- 4 Exceeded posted speed limit This code should be used when a vehicle was exceeding the legal speed limit. The legal limit is NOT to be construed as advisory speed limits such as those posted on curve signs.
- 5 Driving too fast for conditions Use this code when excessive speed contributed to causing the accident but the speed was less than the legal limit. This code should be used in driving too fast for conditions situations, such as adverse weather. This code is also appropriate for vehicles exceeding advisory speed limits on curves, etc. but not the legal speed limit.
- 6 Improper turn
- Wrong side or wrong way Use this code for situations where a vehicle is involved in a collision on the wrong side of the road and when a vehicle runs off the road on the wrong side of the road.
- 8 Improper signal or failure to signal
- 9 Improper lane change
- 10 Improper passing
- 11 Improper start from parked position
- 12 Improper parking
- 13 Improper backing
- 14 Followed too closely
- 15 Failure to keep in proper lane
- 16 Running off road
- 17 Swerving or avoiding due to wind, slippery surface, vehicle, object, non-motorist, etc.
- 18 Over-correcting/over-steering
- 19 Fatigued/asleep
- 20 Drinking
- 21 Drugs medication
- 22 Drugs other
- 23 Illness (heart attack, stroke, etc.)
- 24 Physical impairment
- 25 Illegally in roadway
- 26 Cell phone
- 27 Other electronic device (list in narrative)
- 28 Distracted (list distraction in narrative)
- 97 Other* Use this code only if the contributing circumstances cannot be adequately described by the other codes listed above. If code "97" Other is used, it MUST be explained in the accident narrative.
- 99 Unknown

Vehicle Contributing Circumstances (15)

Vehicle Contributing Circumstances		14 Cargo
0 None	7 Headlights	15 Fuel
1 Brakes	8 Signal	16 Mirrors
2 Steerin	9 Tail lights	17 Wipers
3 Power train	10 Horn	18 Body, doors, hood
4 Suspension	11 Windows/Windshiel	97 Other*
5 Tires	12 Wheels	99 Unknown
6 Exhaus	13 Truck coupling / trailer h	nitch / safety chains

USE ONLY WHEN THE UNIT TYPE IS A MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT WITH DRIVER, MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT WITHOUT DRIVER, AND MOTOR VEHICLE USED AS EQUIPMENT

Enter the vehicle contributing circumstances for each motor vehicle. The coding box should be crossed out with an "X" when the unit is a pedalcycle, pedestrian, motor vehicle parked, railway vehicle, animal (with rider) and animal drawn vehicle.

Codes:

- 0 None
- 1 Brakes
- 2 Steering
- 3 Power Train
- 4 Suspension
- 5 Tires
- 6 Exhaust
- 7 Headlights
- 8 Signal Lights
- 9 Tail Lights
- 10 Horn
- 11 Windows / windshield
- 12 Wheels
- 13 Truck coupling / trailer hitch / safety chains
- 14 Cargo
- 15 Fuel System
- 16 Mirrors
- 17 Wipers
- 18 Body, doors, hood
- 97 Other
- 99 Unknown

Vehicle Maneuver (16)

Vehicle Maneuver		
1 Straight ahead	7 Making U-turn	13 Parking maneuver
2 Backing	8 Leaving traffic lane	14 Immobile from previous accident
3 Changing lanes	9 Entering traffic lane	15 Parked
4 Overtaking/passing	10 Slowing in traffic lane	97 Other*
5 Turning right	11 Stopped in traffic lane	99 Unknown
6 Turning left	12 Starting in traffic lane	

USE ONLY WHEN THE UNIT IS A MOTOR VEHICLE

Enter the code which BEST describes the maneuver of the motor vehicle just prior to the accident. Note that there may be situations in which more than one code describes the vehicle maneuver just prior to the accident. That is, in a few special situations the codes listed below may overlap somewhat. If this is the case, choose the code which BEST describes the maneuver and provide additional detail in the narrative. The coding box should be crossed out with an "X" or "-" when the unit is a bicycle driver, pedestrian, etc.

Codes:

- 1 Straight ahead This code should be used for vehicles traveling straight ahead on straight trafficways and vehicles following the curvature of curved trafficways.
- 2 Backing A start from a parked or stopped position in the direction of the rear of the motor vehicle.
- 3 Changing lanes Shift from one traffic lane to another traffic lane moving in the same direction.
- 4 Overtaking/passing A motor vehicle that moves from behind a motor vehicle to in front of the same motor vehicle or is in the process of making this maneuver.
- Turning right Use only when in the actual process of executing a turn at an intersection, interchange, driveway access, etc. Do NOT code turning if a vehicle is stopped in traffic waiting to initiate a turn. NOTE vehicles traveling on curved trafficways should be coded "Straight ahead".
- 6 Turning left Use only when in the actual process of executing a turn at an intersection, interchange, driveway access, etc. Do NOT code turning if a vehicle is stopped in traffic waiting to initiate a turn. NOTE vehicles traveling on curved trafficways should be "Straight ahead"
- 7 Making U-turn
- 8 Leaving traffic lane A motor vehicle moving outside the travel lane.
- 9 Entering traffic lane A motor vehicle moving into the travel lane.
- 10 Slowing in traffic lane
- 11 Stopped in traffic lane A vehicle stopped in traffic lane is defined as a vehicle, which is stopped on the trafficway in an area normally used for vehicle travel (i.e. outside a parking lane). Stopped in traffic lane includes but is not limited to motor vehicles legally stopped for a stop sign or signal, motor vehicles stopped to turn PRIOR to initiating a turn, motor vehicles stopped in traffic due to a slow down in traffic ahead, and motor vehicles illegally stopped in a traffic lane. A vehicle stopped in traffic may or may NOT have a driver and the vehicle engine may or may NOT be running. Most "double parked" vehicles are actually stopped in traffic rather than parked.
- 12 Starting in traffic lane
- 13 Parking maneuver Note that "parking maneuver" implies MOVEMENT in an area normally reserved for parking. The engine of the vehicle must be running. If this code is used, the vehicle must have a driver.
- 14 Immobile from previous accident
- 15 Parked Note that "parked" implies STOPPED in an area normally reserved for parking. The engine of a parked vehicle may or may NOT be running. Parked vehicles do not have drivers, even if someone is sitting behind the wheel. Note that "double parked" vehicles are considered stopped in traffic. (See Code "11" "Stopped in traffic lane" for further explanation.)
- 97 Other* This code should be used ONLY if one of the other codes listed above does not adequately describe vehicle maneuver. If this code is used, it MUST be explained in the accident narrative.
- 99 Unknown

Traffic Control Device Type (17)

Traffic Control Device Type

0 No controls
1 Traffic control signal
2 Flashing traffic control signal
3 School zone signs
4 Stop sign
5 Yield sign
6 Warning sign

7 Railway crossing signal with gate
8 Railway crossing with crossbuck only
10 Traffic control person
97 Other*
99 Unknown

USE ONLY WHEN THE UNIT TYPE IS A MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT WITH DRIVER, MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT WITHOUT DRIVER, AND MOTOR VEHICLE USED AS EQUIPMENT

COLLECT FOR EACH VEHICLE LISTED ABOVE NOT FOR OVERALL ACCIDENT

Enter the code that describes the traffic control device at the scene of the accident that regulates this unit. Note that this data element is designed to collect information about traffic controls at the scene of the accident WITHOUT regard to whether or not a traffic control (or malfunction thereof) was related to the accident.

- 0 No controls This code should be used in all situations when no FUNCTIONING traffic controls are present, including situations where existing controls are knocked down, missing, or malfunctioning.
- 1 Traffic control signal Controls traffic movements by illuminating systematically, a green, yellow, or red light
- 2 Flashing traffic control signal This code should be used for controls which are designed only as flashing signals AND for stop and go signals which are in a flash cycle at the time of the accident.
- 3 School zone signs Signs which change the speed limit on roads adjacent to a school on school days; signs which give advance warning of a school; and signs which warn of children crossing the road.
- 4 Stop sign A six-sided red sign with "STOP" on it, requiring motor vehicles to come to a full stop and look for on-coming traffic before proceeding with caution.
- 5 Yield sign Three-sided signs that require motor vehicles to give way to other vehicles.
- 6 Warning sign Warn traffic of existing or potentially hazardous conditions on or adjacent to a road.
- 7 Railway crossing signal with gate An intersection between a roadway and train tracks which cross each other at the same level (Grade) with a signal and gate that warns of oncoming trains or train tracks crossing the roadway.
- 8 Railway crossing with signal An intersection between a roadway and train tracks which cross each other at the same level (Grade) with only a signal that warns of on-coming trains or train tracks crossing the roadway.
- 9 Railway crossing with cross buck only An intersection between a roadway and train tracks which cross each other at the same level (Grade) with only a cross buck that warns of oncoming trains or train tracks crossing the roadway.
- 10 Traffic control person flagger, law enforcement officer, crossing guard
- 97 Other* This code should ONLY be used when one of the other codes listed above does not adequately describe the traffic control device at the accident scene. If this code is used, it MUST be explained in the accident narrative. Note that curve signs and speed signs are NOT included in this category
- 99 Unknown

Vision Contributing Circumstances (18)

Vision Contributing Circumstances

- 0 None
- 1 Weather condition
- 2 Physical obstruction
- 3 Windshield or other window obscured by frost, snow, mud, etc
- 4 Snow bank
- 5 Trees, crops, bushes, other vegetation
- 6 Guardrail/barrie
- 7 Motor Vehicle (including load) parked
- 8 Motor vehicle (including
- load) not parked 9 Buildin
- 10 Signs, billboards, etc.
- 11 Glare
- 97 Other
- 99 Unknown

USE ONLY WHEN THE UNIT TYPE IS A MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT WITH DRIVER, MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT WITHOUT DRIVER AND MOTOR VEHICLE USED AS EQUIPMENT

COLLECT FOR EACH VEHICLE INDICATED ABOVE NOT FOR OVERALL ACCIDENT Enter the code describing the vision obscurity that contributed to causing the accident for this VEHICLE.

Codes:

- 0 None
- 1 Weather conditions
- 2 Physical obstruction
- 3 Windshield or other window obscured by frost, snow, mud, etc.
- 4 Snow bank
- 5 Trees, crops, bushes, other vegetation
- 6 Guardrail / barrier
- 7 Motor Vehicle (including load) parked
- 8 Motor Vehicle (including load) not parked
- 9 Building
- 10 Signs, billboards, etc.
- 11 Glare
- 97 Other* This code should only be used if one of the other codes listed above does not adequately describe the vision obscurity contributing to the accident. If this code is used, it must be explained in the accident narrative.
- 99 Unknown

Road Contributing Circumstances (19)

Road Contributing Circumstances

- 0 None
- 1 Road surface condition (wet, icy, snow, slush, etc.)
- 2 Debris
- 3 Rut, holes, bumps
- 4 Work zone (construction/maintenance/utility)
- 5 Worn, travel-polished surface
- 6 Obstruction in roadway
- 7 Traffic control device inoperative, missing or obscured
- 8 Pedestrian, bicyclists, other non-occupants in road
 - 9 Shoulders (none, low, soft, high)
 - 10 Non-highway work
 - 11 Animal in roadway
 - 12 Non-contact vehicle caused evasive action
 - 97 Other*
 - 99 Unknown

USE ONLY WHEN THE UNIT TYPE IS A MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT WITH DRIVER AND MOTOR VEHICLE USED AS EQUIPMENT

COLLECT FOR EACH VEHICLE INDICATED ABOVE NOT FOR OVERALL ACCIDENT

Enter the code describing the road condition that contributed to the occurrence of the accident for this VEHICLE.

- 0 None
- 1 Road surface condition (wet, icy, snow, slush, etc.)
- 2. Debris
- 3 Rut, holes, bumps
- 4 Work zone (construction/maintenance/utility)
- 5 Worn, travel-polished surface
- 6 Obstruction in roadway
- 7 Traffic control device inoperative, missing or obscured
- 8 Pedestrian, bicyclists, other non-occupants in road
- 9 Shoulders (none, low, soft, high)
- 10 Non-highway work Maintenance or other types of work occurring near or in the trafficway but not related to the trafficway.
- 11 Animal in roadway
- 12 Non-contact vehicle caused evasive action
- 97 Other* Use this code ONLY if one of the other codes listed above does not adequately describe the "other" contributing circumstance. If this code is used it MUST be explained in the accident narrative.
- 99 Unknown

Back Page Overlay Instructions

Place the Back Page Overlay over the Back Page of the Accident Report. There are data elements on the Back Page Overlay lettered A through L. MAKE SURE the arrows on the overlay line up with the corresponding boxes in the left and right margins of Back Page of the accident report. Only one code should be used in each box.

Note: Instructions for "Sequence of Events/Most Harmful Event/First Harmful Event" are provided in the Front Page of the accident report section. Instructions for "Driver and Persons Injured" are provided in the Back Page of the accident report section.

Accident Level Information: Data elements A thru F and J thru L

Vehicle Level Information: Data elements G thru I

Manner of Collision (With motor vehicle in transport) (A)

Enter the code to identify the manner in which two motor vehicles in transport initially came together without regard to the direction of force. This data element refers only to accidents where the first harmful event involves a collision between two motor vehicles in transport.

Manner of Collision (With motor vehicle in transport)

- 0 No collision between 2 MV in transport
- 1 Rear-end (Front-to-rear)
- 4 Sideswipe, same direction
- 5 Sideswipe, opposite direction 6 Rear-to-rear
- 2 Head-on (Front-to-front)3 Angle
- 99 Unknown

- 0 No collision between two Motor Vehicles in transport
- 1 Rear End (Front to rear) An accident where the front of one motor vehicle impacts the rear of another motor vehicle. Also referred to as front-to-rear.
- 2 Head-on (Front to front) An accident where the front ends of two motor vehicles impact together. This also is referred to as front-to-front.
- 3 Angle An accident where two motor vehicles impact at an angle. For example, the front of one motor vehicle impacts the side of another motor vehicle. Includes front-to-side, same direction, opposite direction, right angle and direction not specified.
- 4 Sideswipe, same direction Accidents where two motor vehicles are traveling the same direction and impact on the side.
- 5 Sideswipe, opposite direction Accidents where two motor vehicles are traveling in the opposite direction and impact on the side.
- 6 Rear-to-rear An accident where the backs of two motor vehicles impact together.
- 99 Unknown

Location of First Harmful Event (B)

Location of First Harmful Event		
1 On roadway	6 Separator	
2 Shoulder	7 In parking lane or zone	
3 Median	8 Off roadway, location unknown	
4 Roadside	9 Outside ROW	
5 Gore	99 Unknown	

The location of first harmful event is used to identity the place, within or outside the trafficway, the accident occurred. Enter the code which best describes the location of the FIRST INJURY OR DAMAGE CAUSING event. The final resting place of the vehicle(s) is NOT a determining factor.(See Appendix D showing diagram defining the sections of the trafficway).

Codes:

- 1 On Roadway Review code 7 "In Parking Lane or Zone" before entering this code if the accident location is in a city or town.
- 2 Shoulder In most cases, bridge railings are considered to be located in the shoulder area of the trafficway.
- 3 Median A median is an area of a trafficway between parallel roads separating travel in opposite directions. A median should be four or more feet wide. Examples: A depressed grassy median separating directions of travel of a divided highway. A median with a concrete traffic barrier, guardrail or other physical barrier, separating roads of a multi-lane divided highway. A flush, painted median of four or more feet of a divided highway.
- 4 Roadside
- 5 Gore
- 6 Separator A separator is the area of a trafficway between parallel roads separating travel in the same direction or separating a frontage road from other roads. Example: A depressed grassy or a concrete separator of a freeway between the main travel lanes and a frontage road.
- 7 In Parking Lane or Zone This code should be used in the special situation that occurs when the FIRST INJURY OR DAMAGE CAUSING event occurs in an area of a city street normally used for parking. The following areas are considered parking lanes or zones.
 - A. All marked parking stalls, designed for either parallel or diagonal parking, and with or without parking meters, such as in business districts.
 - B. Those areas of residential streets normally available for parking WHEN THERE ARE PARKED CARS. When there are no cars parked on a residential street, this code is not appropriate.
 - C. Areas designated for parking at certain times of the day by signing. When parking is allowed by signing only during certain hours of the day, parking lanes or zones should be considered to exist ONLY during those hours indicated by the signing. At other times, parking lanes or zones do not exist and this code is not appropriate.

Note – Shoulders of interstate highways and other rural trafficways are NOT considered parking lanes or zones.

When use of this code is appropriate, it takes precedence over code 1 – "On roadway". The following rules apply to special situations involving parking lanes or zones.

A. If a vehicle traveling on the roadway hits a vehicle in the parking lane or zone, this code should be used if the vehicle traveling on the roadway has at least one (1) wheel in the parking zone. If a vehicle traveling on the roadway hits a vehicle in the parking lane or zone and does not have any wheels in the parking zone (e.g. hits an open door), this code is NOT appropriate. In that case code 1 – "On roadway" should be used.

- B. If a vehicle exiting a parking lane or zone collides with a vehicle traveling on the roadway, use of this code is NOT appropriate. In that case code 1 "On roadway" should be used.
- 8 Off Roadway, Location Unknown
- 9 Outside right-of-way (trafficway)
- 99 Unknown

Roadway Surface Condition (C)

Roadway Surface Condition			
1 Dry	7	Water (standing,	
2 Wet	8	Sand, mud, dirt, gravel	
3 Snow	9	Oil	
4 Slush	97	Other*	
5 Ice	99	Unknown	
6 Frost			

Enter the code which best describes the condition of the roadway at the accident scene. This element should be coded WITHOUT regard to whether or not road surface conditions contributed to causing the accident.

Codes:

- 1 Dry
- 2 Wet
- 3 Snow
- 4 Slush
- 5 Ice
- 6 Frost
- 7 Water (standing, moving)
- 8 Sand, mud, dirt, gravel
- 9 Oil
- 97 Other
- 99 Unknown

Relation to Junction (D)

Relation to Junction		
0 Non-junction	7 Alley intersection related	
1 Four-way intersection	8 Interchange	14 Crossover related
2 T - intersection	9 Driveway access	15 Bike path or trail
3 Y - intersection	10 Driveway access related	16 Bike path or trail related
4 Five-point, or more	11 Railway crossing	97 Other*
5 Intersection related	12 Railway crossing related	99 Unknown
6 Alley intersection	13 Crossover	

Enter the code for this data element which BEST reflects the relation to a junction of the FIRST injury or damage causing event in the accident. THE FINAL RESTING PLACE OF THE UNITS IS NOT A DETERMINING FACTOR.

- 0 Non-junction This code should be used when an accident does not occur within the boundaries of any kind of junction and is not related to any type of junction. Review the other available codes before entering this code.
- Four-way intersection This code should be used when the FIRST injury or damage causing event in the accident is within the boundaries of a Four-way intersection (See Figure 1). A Four-way intersection is where two roadways cross or connect.

- 2 T- intersection This code should be used when the FIRST injury or damage causing event in the accident is within the boundaries of a T-intersection (See Figure 1). A T-intersection where two roadways connect and one roadway does not continue across the other roadway. The roadways form a "T".
- 3 Y- intersection This code should be used when the FIRST injury or damage causing event in the accident is within the boundaries of a Y-intersection (See Figure 1). A Y-intersection is where three roadways connect and none of the roadways continue across the other roadways. The roadways form a "Y".
- Five-point, or more This code should be used when the FIRST injury or damage causing event in the accident is within the boundaries of a Five-point or more intersection (See Figure 1). A Five-point, or more intersection is where more than two roadways cross or connect.

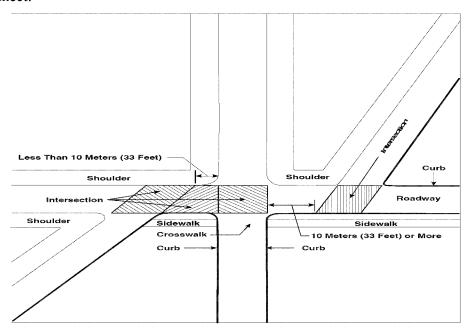


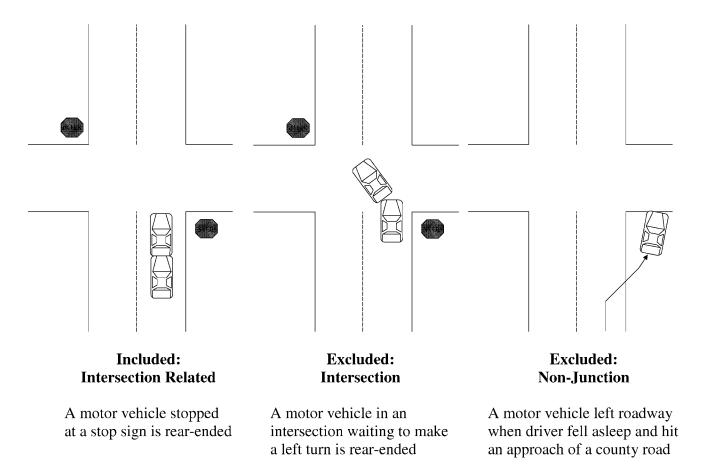
Figure 1 Examples of Intersections

Intersection Definition:

An area which (1) contains a crossing or connection of two or more roadways not classified as driveway access and (2) is an area enclosed by the extension of the curb lines or, if none, the boundaries of the roadways. Where the distance along a roadway between two areas meeting these criteria is less than 33 feet (10 meters), the two areas and the roadway connecting them shall be considered to be parts of a SINGLE intersection.

5 Intersection related – Use this code when the FIRST injury or damage causing event of the accident meets all of the following criteria: (1) occurs on an approach to or exit from any type of an intersection, and (2) results from an activity, behavior, or control related to the movement of traffic units through the intersection, and (3) does not occur within the actual boundaries of the intersection.

The three examples and diagrams below will help to clarify use of this code.



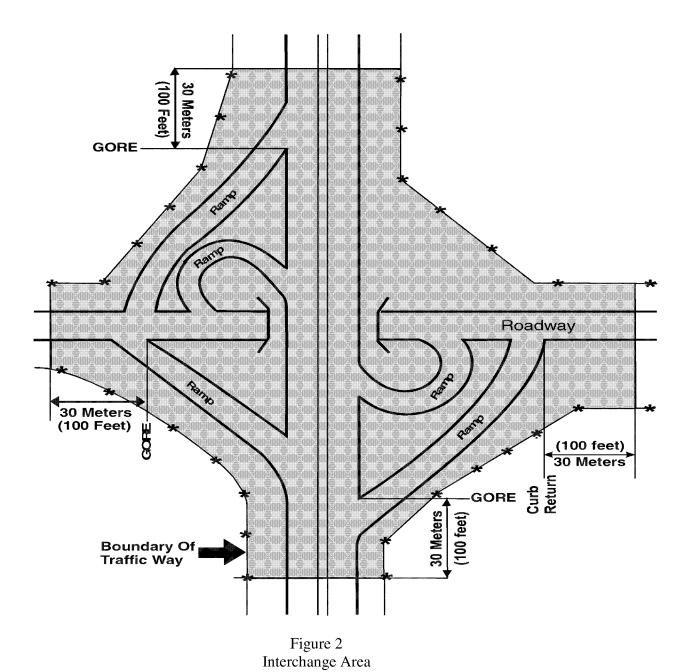
- Alley intersection This code should be used when the FIRST injury or damage causing event in the accident is within the boundaries of the intersection of a street and alley.
- 7 Alley intersection related Review the definition for code 5 "Intersection related" and substitute the words "alley intersection" for "intersection".

8 Interchange area – Use this code when the FIRST injury or damage causing event in the accident occurs in an interchange area. An interchange area is defined as follows:

A system of interconnecting roadways in conjunction with one or more grade separations, providing movement of traffic between two or more roadways on different levels.

NOTE: In South Dakota interchanges are located primarily on the Interstate system with a few exceptions on other state trunk highways.

The diagram of an interchange area in Figure 2 will help to clarify the definition.



48

9 Driveway access – **Note! Driveway access is handled differently than other intersection definitions. Review Figure 3 before deciding how to code this item.** Use this code when the FIRST injury or damage causing event in the accident occurs <u>within the boundaries</u> of a driveway access.

A driveway access is defined as follows:

A driveway access is a roadway providing access to property adjacent to a trafficway. Only portions of the driveway within the trafficway are included. Included is the portion of home, business, and gas station entrances that is within the trafficway. Entrances and exits to most rest areas are also included.

Figure 3 below will help to clarify the definition of a driveway access.

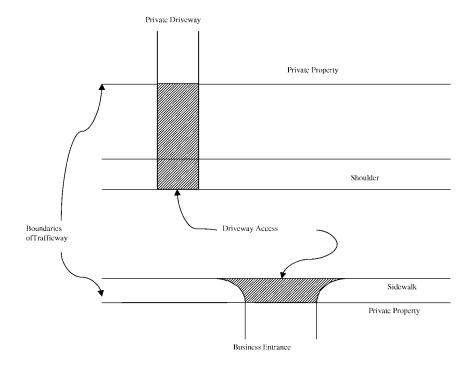


Figure 3
Driveway Access

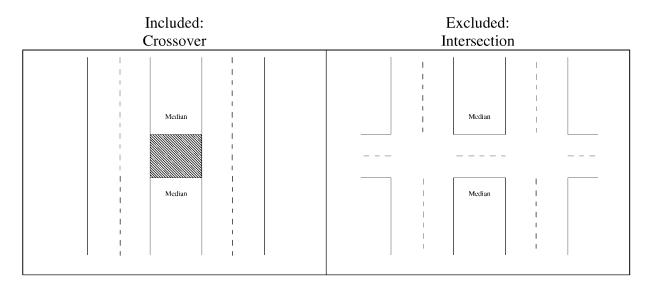
- 10 Driveway access related Use this code when the FIRST injury or damage causing event in the accident occurs near a driveway access and meets all of the following criteria: (1) occurs on a road or street (other than the driveway) on an approach to or exit from a driveway access, and (2) results from an activity, behavior, or control related to the movement of traffic units into or out of a driveway access, and (3) does not occur within the actual boundaries of the driveway access.
- 11 Railway crossing Use this code when the First injury or damage causing event in the accident occurs within the boundaries of the intersection of the roadway and rail grade

- crossing. This would include the collision of one motor vehicle with another motor vehicle while in the boundaries of the intersection or the collision of one motor vehicle with a railway vehicle.
- 12 Railway crossing related –Review the definition for code 5 "Intersection related" and substitute the words "Railway crossing" for "intersection".
- 13 Crossover Note! Crossover is handled differently than other intersection definitions. Review the figure below before deciding how to code this item. Use this code when the First injury or damage causing event in the accident occurs within the boundaries of a crossover. A crossover is defined as follows:

An approach located in a median designated for crossing over from one roadway to another. A crossover can ONLY exist when a trafficway has separate roadways and a median. A crossover may or may not be designed for normal vehicular traffic. Interstate crossovers, for example, are closed to traffic except emergency and maintenance vehicles. Crossovers on non-interstate divided trafficways may be designed to allow access to homes or businesses and open to traffic.

14 Crossover related – Use this code when the FIRST injury or damage causing event in the accident occurs near a crossover and meets all of the following criteria: (1) occurs on a road or street (other than the crossover) on an approach to or exit from a crossover, and (2) results from an activity, behavior, or control related to the movement of traffic units into or out of a crossover, and (3) does not occur within the actual boundaries of the crossover.

EXCEPTION: Intersection type codes have priority when the crossover is part of an intersection. The two examples and diagrams below will help to clarify use of this code.



- 15 Bike path or trail This code should be used when the FIRST injury or damage causing event in the accident is within the boundaries of the intersection of a road or street and bike path or trail.
- 16 Bike path or trail related Review the definition for code 5 "Intersection related" and substitute the words "Bike path or trail" for "intersection".
- 97 Other
- 99 Unknown

Light Condition (E)

ſ	Light Condition		
١	1 Daylight	5	Dawn
١	2 Dark - roadway not lighted	6	Dusk
١	3 Dark - lighted roadway	99	Unknown
-	4 Dark - unknown roadway lighting		

Enter the code which best describes the light conditions at the time of the accident. This element should be coded WITHOUT regard to whether or not light conditions contributed to causing the accident.

Codes:

- 1 Daylight
- 2 Dark roadway not lighted Not lighted refers to the absence of street or highway lighting.
- 3 Dark lighted roadway Lighted refers to the presence of street or highway lights. Lighted areas will generally include streets within cities or towns and some interchange areas.
- 4 Dark unknown roadway lighting Refers to an inability to determine whether or not the accident location was illuminated. This code should only be used when an accident is not investigated at the scene and then, only when lighting cannot be determined.
- 5 Dawn
- 6 Dusk
- 99 Unknown

Weather Conditions (F)

Weather Conditions	
1 Clear	7 Blowing sand, soil, dirt
2 Cloudy	8 Blowing snow
3 Rain	9 Severe crosswinds
4 Sleet, hail (freezing rain or	97 Other*
5 Snow	99 Unknown
6 Fog, smog, smoke	

Enter the code(s) which best describes the weather conditions at the scene of the accident at the time of the accident. Up to two codes can be used to describe the weather conditions. If only one code is used per unit leave the second box "blank" or place a "-" in the box. This element should be coded WITHOUT regard to whether or not weather conditions contributed to the cause of the accident.

- 1 Clear
- 2 Cloudy
- 3 Rain
- 4 Sleet, hail (freezing rain or drizzle)
- 5 Snow
- 6 Fog, smog, smoke
- 7 Blowing sand, soil, dirt
- 8 Blowing snow
- 9 Severe crosswind
- 97 Other
- 99 Unknown

Non-Motorist Action (G)

Non-Motorist Action	
Entering or crossing specified location	6 Working
2 Walking, running, jogging, playing, cycling, skating	7 Standing
3 Playing or working on motor vehicle	8 Laying
4 Pushing motor vehicle	97 Other*
5 Approaching or leaving motor vehicle	99 Unknown

Enter the code that describes the non-motorist's (pedestrian or pedalcycle operator) action prior to the accident. The coding box should be crossed out with an "X" when the unit is not a non-motorist.

Codes:

- 1 Entering or crossing specified location
- 2 Walking, running, jogging, playing, cycling, skating
- 3 Playing or working on motor vehicle
- 4 Pushing motor vehicle
- 5 Approaching or leaving motor vehicle
- 6 Working
- 7 Standing
- 8 Laying
- 97 Other
- 99 Unknown

Non-Motorist Contributing Circumstances (H)

Non-Motorist Contributing Circumstances	
0 None	6 Distracted
1 Improper crossing	7 Failure to obey traffic signs, signals, or officer
2 Darting	8 Wrong side of road
3 Laying and/or illegally in roadway	97 Other*
4 Failure to yield right of way	99 Unknown
5 Not visible (dark clothing)	

Enter the code(s) that best describes the non-motorist (pedestrian or pedalcycle operator) contributing circumstances, which contributed to the accident. Up to two codes can be used to describe the non-motorist contributing circumstances. If there are less than 2, place a "0" in the unused box. Start with the top box. The coding box should be crossed out with an "X" when the unit is not a non-motorist.

- 0 None
- 1 Improper crossing
- 2 Darting
- 3 Laying and/or illegally in roadway
- 4 Failure to yield right of way
- 5 Not visible (dark clothing)
- 6 Distracted
- 7 Failure to obey traffic signs, signals, or officer
- 8 Wrong side of road
- 97 Other
- 99 Unknown

Non-Motorist Location (I)

Non-Motorist Location		
Marked crosswalk at intersection	7 Island	13 In building
2 At intersection but no crosswalk	8 Shoulder	97 Other*
3 Non-intersection crosswalk	9 Sidewalk	99 Unknown
4 Driveway access crosswalk	10 Roadside	
5 In roadway (not in crosswalk or intersection)	11 Outside trafficway	
6 Median (but not on shoulder)	12 Shared-use path or trails	

Enter the code that best describes the non-motorist's (pedestrian or pedalcycle operator) location at the time of impact. The coding box should be crossed out with an "X" when the unit is not a non-motorist.

Codes:

- 1 Marked crosswalk at intersection
- 2 At intersection but no crosswalk
- 3 Non-intersection crosswalk
- 4 Driveway access crosswalk
- 5 In roadway (not in crosswalk or intersection)
- 6 Median (but not on shoulder)
- 7 Island
- 8 Shoulder
- 9 Sidewalk
- 10 Roadside
- 11 Outside trafficway
- 12 Shared-use path or trails
- 13 In building
- 97 Other
- 99 Unknown

Roadway Alignment/Grade (J)

Roadway Alignment/Grade 1 Straight and level 2 Straight and hill crest 3 Straight on grade 4 Curve and level 5 Curve and hill crest 6 Curve on grade 99 Unknown

Enter the code that best describes the roadway in terms of alignment and grade.

- Straight and level
- 2 Straight and hill crest
- 3 Straight on grade
- 4 Curve and level
- 5 Curve and hill crest
- 6 Curve on grade
- 99 Unknown

Roadway Surface Type (K)

Roadway Surface Type 1 Concrete 2 Asphalt (Blacktop) 3 Gravel 4 Dir 5 Brick or Block 97 Other* 99 Unknown

Enter the code which best describes the type of surface of the roadway at the scene of the accident. This element should be coded WITHOUT regard to whether or not roadway surface type contributed to causing the accident.

Codes:

- 1 Concrete
- 2 Asphalt (Blacktop)
- 3 Gravel
- 4 Dirt
- 5 Brick or Block
- 97 Other*
- 99 Unknown

Trafficway Description (L)

Enter the code to indicate whether or not a trafficway is divided and whether it serves one-way or two-way traffic. (A divided trafficway is one on which roadways for travel in opposite directions is physically separated by a median.) When an accident occurs within the confines of an intersection assign the "trafficway description" of the highest highway system or the one that appears to carry the heaviest volume of traffic.

- 1 Two-way, not divided
- 2 Two-way, not divided with a continuous left turn lane
- 3 Two-way, divided, unprotected (painted >4 feet) median
- 4 Two-way, divided, positive median barrier
- 5 One-way trafficway
- 99 Unknown

Investigator's Property Damage only Wild Animal Accident Form (Short Form)

The Investigator's Motor Vehicle Accident Report may also be used as a Wild Animal Accident Form "Short Form". The Short Form is available for reporting single vehicle accidents involving wildlife (deer, antelope, fox, etc.) in which only damage sustained was to the vehicle. If the damage is \$1,000 or greater this report should be used. If the accident involved wildlife other than a deer please note in the narrative the type of wildlife involved.

To use the report as a Short Form, complete all gray shaded areas. The non-shaded areas on the form do not need to be completed.

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Example Reports

Example #1: Single Motor Vehicle with Driver on a Rural US highway
Reference: MRM (Milepost) – Accident location is less than 1/10 of a mile from an MRM.

1	Ple	ease Type or Print		Sheet 1 of 1 \$\bar{\bar{b}}\$ 13
1 1 Iguration	122	Date of Accident (MM/DD/YY) Time of Accident (HHMM) County 7/24/02 2004	City Accide Lawrence	ent Occurred in or Indicate Rural
Config		Road, Street or Highway Accident Occurred	At its Intersection With	Be Be
Veh	NO O	US 85		
2	LOCATION		S E W Of MRM (Milepost)	0
0 g	Υ	NOTE: Unless accident occurred within an intersection completely descri	bed above, use space below to give the location S E W	from a junction or intersecting street.
		(1 st)	Junction	
Trailer		(2 nd)	Address	City State Zip 20
3		Smith, Joe A.	Box 123	City State Zip 5 9 9 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1 Type		Date of Birth Phone No Driver's License Number 8-18-62 605-555-1234 00123		es 🗌 No 🛛 Pending 🔲 Unknown
2 Bod		DL State DL Class DL Status: Normal, within restrictions	Violation: Beyond restrictions Area	2. 5 voked No license Expired license
Carg		SD 1 □ No license required	<u> </u>	license endorsement for this vehicle type 🔲 Unknown
ı ıbact		Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) 🛛 Check if Same as Driver	Address	City State State Zip
12 15 5		VIN # 12888B540Z4563	ce Co Name Insurar State Farm	rce Policy # Eff Date Exp Date & 0 0
nitial Point		Model Yr Make Model Licens	ë State	Year Damage Amount 응
i	L TINO	1999	\$ 17C 1234 Wy Speed – How Estimated: ☐ Officer	<u> </u>
Area	¬	Occupants 1 Limit 55 Speed 7	<u>S</u> Driver	Statement Witness Statement
13 pamaged	,	Hit and Run? ☐ Yes ☑ No☐ Unknown Damage Extent: ☐ None - No Damage ☐ Minor Damage		
Most Da		Trailer License Plate # State Attached to Power Unit: X	Year Trailer License Plate # Attached to Trailer Unit:	State Year X
ride ⊼	Ιı	You must IF the accident involved one or more of the follow	ving: AND, the accident re	esulted in one or more of the following:
0 0		Complete a truck having a GCWR of 10,001 or more possored area a vehicle displaying a hazardous material place.	card; OR • an injury requiring	g transportation for immediate medical attention; OR
2 Jernide		a vehicle designed to transport 9 or more ped Accident involved vehicle - Purpose? ☐ Commercial Interstate ☐ Com		abled requiring a towaway from the scene
5		Carrier Name	Address	City State Zip
		US DOT # GVWR	GCWR Placard # c	or Name Hazardous Material Released? ☐ ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown ☐ 0
1 0	Н	Full Name (Last, First, Middle)	Address	City State Zip
		Date of Birth Phone No Driver's License Number	Citation Charge? TY	명
Alco			1.	2. gg 18
		DL State DL Class DL Status: Normal, within restrictions No license required		voked
09 5		Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle)	Address	City State Zip
2 pl		VIN # Insuranc	ce Co Name Insurar	nce Policy # Eff Date Exp Date
	UNIT 2	Model Yr Make Model Licens	e State	Year Damage Amount
)	5	Plate #	'	Veh and Contents \$
0		Total Speed Est Travel Occupants Limit Speed	Speed – How Estimated: Officer Driver	Estimate Occupant Statement No Estimate Statement Witness Statement
Drug Use		Hit and Run? Damage Extent: ☐ None - No Damag ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown ☐ Minor Damage		ehicle Towed? Emergency Vehicle Use?
		Trailer License Plate # State Attached to Power Unit:	Year Trailer License Plate # Attached to Trailer Unit:	State Year 8
0		Attached to Power Unit: You must complete boxed area for Unit 2, if the criteria is met shown above.		
2		Accident Involved Vehicle - Purpose? Commercial Interstate Commercial Comm	nmercial Intrastate Government Personal	
Drug Test		Carrier Name	Address	City State Zip
 &		US DOT #	GCWR Placard #	or Name Hazardous Material Released? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
96 S	Work	k Zone Related? Workers Present? Schoo	I Bus ☑ No ☐ Indirectly Involved	
, ,	□ Y	Yes No Unknown NA Yes No Unknown Relate ct(s) Damaged (Property other than vehicles and contents)		ō
12 . <u>§</u>	Gua	er's Name (Last, First, Middle)	Estimate of	First Event 44 Second Event
96 g	Sοι	uth Dakota Department of Transportation	Estimate of Damage \$ 200	_ <u>57</u> Third Event
k Zone	Addr 700	ress City DE Broadway Ave Pierre	State Zip SD 57501	7 Fourth Event The state of Accident The state of
Wor				/ (use codes 0. 7-66 only) First Harmful Event of Accident (use codes 7-66 only)

	Ор	Seating Position	18 – Pedalcy 19 – Bus pa 20 – Trailing	d row other ow other row other ycle passenger ycle passenger ssenger unit	22 – Unenclose 23 – Enclosed 24 – Sleeper se 25 – Seating P	cargo area ection of cab (truck) osition "1" <u>NOT</u> Operator bable (Pedestrian)		Unit No.	Unit Type	Sex	Seating Position	Injury Status	Ejection	Source of Transport	Air Bag Deployed	Safety Equipment		
		UNIT 1		ported to:		EMS Trip #			1	1	1	3	0	0	0	0		
		UNIT 2	Transp	ported to:		EMS Trip #												
		1. Name:				Date of Birth												
lision		Address:				Transported to:						EMS T	rip#				Action	1
A 8	Ш	2. Name:				Date of Birth											torist /	Х
O P P Manner of Collision	JUR	Address:				Transported to:						EMS T	rip#				Non-Motorist Action	2
	NS II	3. Name:				Date of Birth												
	PERSONS INJURIED	Address:				Transported to:						EMS T	rip#				e H	1
vent	ď	4. Name:				Date of Birth											Circumstance	X
, mful E		Address:				Transported to:						EMS T	rip#					\mathbf{x}^{1}
T First Han	Н	ACCIDENT DIAGRAM															Contri	2
m O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	DIAGRAM	Indicate North		US 85	Collision with Truck	Collision with Guardrail	Collision with Einbankment	Rol	ling dox	wn cliff	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2						Roadway Surface Type Roadway Alignment/Crade Non-Motorist Location Non-Motorist Contrib.	2 X 1 2 2
Weather Conditions		collided with the deer to rest against two tre	South on USE losing contro es. Driver st	35 negotiating a lol of the vehicle, tatements and the	crashing through ne final resting plac	deer entered the highway. The aguardrail, hitting an embar ce of the unit indicated the duit but sustained only minor in the desired the d	nkment Iriver ha	and ro	olling	twice d	lown a	a cliff,	and c	oming	g		Trafficway Description Ros	1
	NARRATIVE	Witness (Last, First, Midd	dle)		Phone No	Address			Cit	у			State		Zip			
		 er & ID No Filing Report				Date Notified		Tim	e Notif			Arrive			Arriv			
	Sgt Agen Sou Offici Rep	. Joe Smith #99 ncy Name uth Dakota Highway er Approving port Bob Green stigation made at scene? ⊠ Yes □ No	y Patrol	tos Taken? ☐ Yes ☒ No	Date Approved 7/25/02	7/24/ Agency Type ☑ Highway Patrol ☐ Sheriff I Red Tag #: Unit 1R123456 Unit 2	Departmo		24 City Po	15		7/24	/02		242			

Reference: MRM – Accident location is 1/10 of a mile or more from an MRM. Please Type or Print Date of Accident (MM/DD/YY) ime of Accident (HHMM) ity Accident Occurred in or Indicate Rural 4 6/15/02 Minnehaha Rural Road, Street or Highway Accident Occurred At its Intersection With 1 4 190 Exit #406 SD 11 LOCATION S E W 406.00 0.6 Miles & Tenths 🔲 Feet Of MRM (Milepost) ⊠ NOTE: Unless accident occurred within an intersection completely described above, use space below to give the location from a junction or intersecting street 0 W 0 ☐ Junction ☐ Miles & Tenths ☐ Feet Of 0 пп ☐ Intersecting Stree ☐ Miles & Tenths ☐ Feet П П 0 full Name (Last, First, Middle) Address 0 51234 Smith, Joe Adam Salem NB Date of Birth Phone No Driver's License Number Citation Charge? Tyes X No Pending Tunknown 02/14/54 605-555-1234 00123456 0 DL State DL Class DL Status: Normal, within restrictions Violation Beyond restrictions □ Revoked □ No license □ Expired license ☐ No license endorsement for this vehicle type ☐ Unknown NB ■ No license required Under suspension Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) 🛛 Check if Same as Driver nsurance Co Name Insurance Policy # Eff Date Exp Date 0 12888B540Z4563 State Farm 12345678-9 1/02 1/03 Initial Point License Damage Amount 6 0 1998 Chevrolet 55 256B NB 2002 Impala Plate # Veh and Contents \$ 1,000 UNIT ☐ Occupant Statement ☐ No Estimate ☐ Witness Statement Cotal Speed Est Travel Speed - How Estimated: ☐ Officer Estimate Occupants _imit 55 Speed 0 ☑ Driver Statement Emergency Vehicle Use? Hit and Run? Damage Extent: □ Functional Damage □ Unknown Vehicle Towed? None - No Damage 6 🔲 Yes 🛛 No 🗌 Unknown ☐ Minor Damage Disabling Damage Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Unknow Trailer License Plate # State Trailer License Plate # 6 11 Attached to Power Unit Attached to Trailer Unit You must IF the accident involved one or more of the following. AND, the accident resulted in one or more of the following a truck having a GCWR of 10,001 or more pounds; OR 11 Complete a fatality; OR a vehicle displaying a hazardous material placard; OR an injury requiring transportation for immediate medical attention; OR 0 a vehicle designed to transport 9 or more people, including driver
 a vehicle was dis
Accident involved vehicle - Purpose? □ Commercial Interstate □ Commercial Interstate □ Government □ Personal a vehicle was disabled requiring a towaway from the scene 0 Carrier Address State Zio US DOT # Hazardous Material Released GVWR GCWR Placard # or Name 🗌 Yes 🗌 No 🔲 Unknown 5 ull Name (Last, First, Middle) 5 0 51234 Paul, John Norman Washington St Brandon SD Date of Birth none No Driver's License Numbe Citation Charge? 🔲 Yes 🛛 No 🔲 Pending 🔲 Unknown 0 605-555-1234 4/2/77 00123456 DL Status: Normal, within restrictions ☐ Revoked ☐ No license ☐ Expired license ■ Beyond restriction 0 ☐ No license endorsement for this vehicle type ☐ Unknown SD ☐ No license required Under suspension City State Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) 🛛 Check if Same as Driver Address 91 0 xp Date 91 1234D125N12V Liberty Mutual AT1230015032151 6/02 7/03 Ħ Model Yr Make Model License State Year Damage Amount 2001 Toyota Camery 1AB 123 SD 2002 Veh and Contents \$ 2,500.00 Plate # otal Speed Est Trave Speed - How Estimated: ☐ Officer Estimate ☐ Occupant Statement ☐ No Estimate 0 0 55 Occupants 4 ☑ Driver Statement ☐ Witness Statement _imit Speed Hit and Run? None - No Damage Vehicle Towed? Emergency Vehicle Use? ☐ Functional Damage ☐ Unknown amage Extent 0 🗌 Yes 🛛 No 🔲 Unknown 🛮 Yes 🗌 No 🗌 Unknown 🔲 Yes 🖾 No 🗎 Unknown 0 Disabling Damage ☐ Minor Damage Frailer License Plate # State Trailer License Plate # State Attached to Power Unit Attached to Trailer Unit: You must complete boxed area for Unit 2, if the criteria is met shown above in Unit 1 2 Accident Involved Vehicle - Purpose? 🛘 Commercial Interstate 🗖 Commercial Intrastate 🗖 Government 🗖 Personal Carriei State 2 Name US DOT # GVWR GCWR Placard # or Name Hazardous Material Released Yes No Unknown No Indirectly Involved Unit 2 Sequence of Events NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Unknown ☐ Directly Involved ☐ Unknown First Event Object(s) Damaged (Property other than vehicles and contents) Second Event Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) Estimate of 96 Third Event Damage \$ Address City Zip State Most Harmful Event by Vehicle (use codes 0, 7-66 only)
First Harmful Event of Accident

Example #2: Three Motor Vehicles with Drivers on a Rural Interstate Highway

Form DPS-ART 10/03/03

Mail to: Office of Accident Records, 118 W. Capitol Ave. Pierre, SD 57501

(use codes 7-66 only)

Agency Use

	Or	Seating Position	13 – Front row other 14 – Second row other 15 – Third row other 16 – Fourth row other 17 – Motorcycle passe 18 – Pedalcycle passe 19 – Bus passenger 20 – Trailing unit	er 22 23 24 enger 25 enger 96 97	On vehicle e Unenclosed Enclosed ca Sleeper sec Seating Pos Not applicat Other Unknown	cargo are rgo area tion of cab ition "1" N	b (truck) IOT Operator strian)	Unit No.	Unit Type	× 50 × 50 × 50 × 50 × 50 × 50 × 50 × 50	1 Seating Position	ω Injury Status	O Ejection	O Source of Transport	O Air Bag Deployed	→ Safety Equipment		
		UNIT 2	Transported to:	oux Falls Hosp	nital	EMS T	Trip # 123456		1	1	1	2	0	1	0	1		
		1. Name: Smith, Jane Ann		oux rano ricor	Jitai	Date o		2		2	3	2	0	1	0	1	ے G	
ollision		Address:					ported to: Sioux Falls I	-losni	al		E	EMS T		3456			<u>ا</u> و	χ¹
Manner of Collision	RIED	2. Name:				Date o											Motoris	2
Manr I	UNI	Address:					ported to:					EMS T	rip#				Non_	X
	PERSONS INJURIED	3. Name: Address:				Date o	ported to:					EMS T	rin #		\perp		Н	
Į.	PER	4. Name:				Date o		_				1			$\overline{}$		Circumstance	$x^{ }$
nfui Event		Address:					ported to:				E	EMS T	rip#					χĺ
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O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O			(A)	(O ()				_									vist Loc	X
Roadway Surfac	W			Not Involved	1		I90 WBL										Non-Motorist Location	ΧÎ
	DIAGRAM					SD 11											arade	
8 Belation to Junction	۵					\[\sigma \]	I90 EBL	_				_					∢	3
9 m] [] [Roadway Surface Type Roadway	2
																	lway Si □	
Weather Conditions	NARRATIVE	traveling too fast for co	opped at yield sign for onditions to prevent it #2 causing unit #2	him from stoppii to rear-end unit	ng soon eno t #1. The dri	ugh to a	stopped behind unit #1. void a collision. nit #3 stated he took his								;		way Description	3
		Witness (Last, First, Middl	le)	Phor	ne No	Address	S		City	y			State		Zip			
	Offic	er & ID No Filing Report					Date Notified	Tim	e Notifi			Arrive			Arrive			
	Ager	. Joe Smith #999 ncy Name			V	gency Ty	6/15/02 /pe		093	-6-6-6-6		6/15/ -	4444		0945)		
	Offic Repo	uth Dakota Highway er Approving ort Bob Green		6		Red Tag #	ay Patrol □ Sheriff Departr i: <u>R1235546</u>	gency I		olice 🔲	віа 🗖] Triba	al Polici	• □ o	ther			
	irive:	stigation made at scene? ☑ Yes ☐ No	Photos Taker	n? ∕es ☑ No ☐ Unk	nown	Unit 2	R2451545											

Form DPS-ART 10/03/03

Mail to: Office of Accident Records, 118 W. Capitol Ave. Pierre, SD 57501

(use codes 7-66 only)

		7 8 9 10 11 12	19 – Bus pa 20 – Trailin				7 – Other 9 – Unkno	wn						Unit No.	Unit Type	Sex	Seating Position	Injury Status	Ejection	Source of Transport	Air Bag Deployed	Safety Equipment
		UNIT 1	Trans	sported to					EMS						1	1	1	0	0	0	1	3
		UNIT 2	Trans	sported to	:					Trip#												
		1. Name:							Date	of Birtl	1											
	ŀ	Address:								portec								EMS T	rip#			_
		2. Name:								of Birtl								E110.7				
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																			••••••			
	+	Witness (Last, First, Mid	dle)			Pho	ne No	,	Addres	s					Cit	у			State	9	Zip	
Š	ffice	er & ID No Filing Report									Date N	otified		Tim	e Notif	hai	∏at	e Arriv	ad	Time	e Arriv	od.
		ib ito i liling rieport								#-#:#:# #:#:#:#		o.mou			2 110(11				- 4		. ,	54

Agency Use Example #3: Hit and Run on a Rural County Road Reference: from a Junction Date of Accident (MM/DD/YY) Time of Accident (HHMM) County City Accident Occurred in or Indicate Bural 2 8/13/02 1634 Lincoln Rural Road, Street or Highway Accident Occurred At its Intersection With 3 County Road 116 County Road 111 S Ε W Of MRM (Milepost) ■ Miles & Tenths ■ Feet П NOTE: Unless accident occurred within an intersection completely described above, use space below to give the location from a junction or intersecting street 0 S W 3 2.0 Miles & Tenths Feet ■ Junction × SD 17 & County Road 110 0 Miles & Tenths □ Feet \boxtimes 6 full Name (Last, First, Middle) City Address State 0 Unknown (Hit & Run) Phone No Driver's License Number Citation Charge? 🔲 Yes 🔲 No 🔲 Pending 🔲 Unknown 0 DL State DI Class DI Status: Normal, within restrictions Violation: Beyond restrictions ☐ Revoked ☐ No license ☐ Expired license ■ No license endorsement for this vehicle type ■ Unknown ■ No license required Under suspension Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) . Check if Same as Driver Address VIN# Insurance Policy # nsurance Co Name Eff Date Exp Date 99 Initial Point Model Damage Amount 7 0 Plate # Web and Contents \$ Speed Occupant Statement No Estimate Total Est Travel Speed - How Estimated: Officer Estimate .imit Occupants Speed □ Driver Statement ☐ Witness Statement Hit and Run? Emergency Vehicle Use? Damage Extent Vehicle Towed? None - No Damage ☐ Functional Damage ☐ Unknown 11 🛮 Yes 🔲 No 🔲 Unknown ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknow ☐ Minor Damage ☐ Disabling Damage Trailer License Plate # State Trailer License Plate # 7 5 Attached to Trailer Unit: Attached to Power Unit: a truck having a GCWR of 10,001 or more pounds; OR Complete a fatality: OR a vehicle displaying a hazardous material placard; OR · an injury requiring transportation for immediate medical attention; OR 0 a vehicle designed to transport 9 or more people, including driver a vehicle was disabled requiring a towaway from the scene 0 Carrier State US DOT # GVWF GCWF Placard # or Name Hazardous Material Released 🗌 Yes 🗌 No 🔲 Unknown 4 full Name (Last, First, Middle) 99 8 0 Gilbert, Alvin James Box 123 Lennox SD 51234 Date of Birth one No Driver's License Number Citation Charge? 🔲 Yes 🛛 No 🔲 Pending 🔲 Unknown 0 605-555-1234 10/24/79 00123456 DL Status: Normal, within restrictions ☐ Revoked ☐ No license ☐ Expired license ☐ Beyond restriction 0 ☐ No license endorsement for this vehicle type ☐ Unknown ☐ No license required ☐ Under suspension State Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) 🛮 Check if Same as Driver Address 99 0 nsurance Policy # xp Date 91 1234D125N12V Liberty Mutual AT1230015032151 6/02 7/03 Model Yr Make License Damage Amount Veh and Contents \$ 2,500.00 Mustang SD 2002 1996 1AB 123 Ford Plate # 19 otal Est Trave Speed - How Estimated: Officer Estimate Occupant Statement No Estimate 99 0 Occupants 1 55 Speed Driver Statement ☐ Witness Statement Hit and Run? None - No Damage Vehicle Towed? Damage Extent: □ Functional Damage □ Unknown Emergency Vehicle Use? 0 ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Unknown ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Unknown 0 🗌 Yes 🛛 No 🔲 Unknown ☐ Minor Damage ☐ Disabling Damage Frailer License Plate # State Trailer License Plate Attached to Trailer Unit: You must complete boxed area for Unit 2, if the criteria is met shown above in Unit 1 99 Accident Involved Vehicle - Purpose? 🛘 🗋 Commercial Interstate 🗖 Commercial Intrastate 🗖 Government 🗖 Personal Carrier City State Zip 2 Name US DOT # GCWR GVWR Placard # or Name Hazardous Material Released's ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown Workers Present?
☑ NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown No ☐ Indirectly Involved Unit 1 Unit 2 Sequence of Events 🔲 Yes 🛛 No 🔲 Unknown ☐ Directly Involved ☐ Unknown _25__ First Event Object(s) Damaged (Property other than vehicles and contents) Second Event Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) Estimate of 96 Third Event

Damage \$

State

Zip

City

Mail to: Office of Accident Records, 118 W. Capitol Ave. Pierre, SD 57501

Address

Form DPS-AR1 10/03/03

Most Harmful Event by Vehicle (use codes 0, 7-66 only) First Harmful Event of Accident (use codes 7-66 only)

	Ор	Seating Position P	13 – Front row other 14 – Second row other 15 – Third row other 16 – Fourth row other 17 – Motorcycle passenger 18 – Pedalcycle passenger 19 – Bus passenger 20 – Trailing unit	22 – Unenclosed o 23 – Enclosed car 24 – Sleeper secti	go area on of cab (truck) ion "1" <u>NOT</u> Operator		Unit No.	Unit Type	Sex	Seating Position	Injury Status	Ejection	Source of Transport	Air Bag Deployed	Safety Equipment	
		UNIT 1	Transported to:		EMS Trip #		j	1 1	99	<u>v</u>	<u>□</u> 5	0	<u>نة</u> 0	₹ 99	99	
		UNIT 2	Transported to:		EMS Trip #			1	1	1	3	0	0	0	3	
		1. Name:			Date of Birth											
ision		Address:			Transported to:		-				EMS T	rip#				G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
A 2	ED	2. Name:			Date of Birth											X X
S A Anner of Collision	NUUN	Address:			Transported to:						EMS T	rip#				Non-Motorist Action
	NS II	3. Name:			Date of Birth											
	PERSONS INJURIED	Address:			Transported to:						EMS T	rip#				H age 1
Event	ш.	4. Name:			Date of Birth											Circumstance
B B armful		Address:			Transported to:						EMS T	rip#				
The second secon	DIAGRAM	ACCIDENT DIAGRAM	Indicate North	4015		Co. Rd. 111	ounty	r Roa	d 116							Roadway Surface Type Roadway Alignment/Grade Non-Motorist Location Non-Motorist Contrib.
E	NARRATIVE	Unit #2 was proceedi 116 and 111. The dri crossed the centerlini Unit #1 has not been	ng East on County Road 1 iver of unit #2 stated that u e of 116 and collided with located.	init #1 slowed but did no	ot stop for the stop s Unit #1 continued we	ign. Unit #1	, atten	npting	a right	turn	onto (County time t	/ Road	d 116		Trafficway Description
		Witness (Last, First, Midd	dle)	Phone No	Address			City	у			State		Zip		
		 er & ID No Filing Report wriff Rob Smith #			Date No		Tim	e Notifi		Date	Arrive			Arriv		
	Agen Linc Offici Repo	ncy Name coln Sheriff Departr er Approving on Bob Green		Date Approved	jency Type I Highway Patrol ⊠ Sl ed Tag #: Unit 1		ent 🗖 gency l			BIA [8/13.] Trib			171 Other	<u>+</u>	
	Inves	stigation made at scene? Yes No	Photos Taken? ☐ Yes ⊠		Unit 2 <u>R123154</u>	1										

Example #4: Train/Motor Vehicle on a Rural Township Road Reference: from a Junction

1		Ple	ease Type or Print	Sheet 1 of 1 통 13	
1	iguration		Date of Accident (MM/DD/YY) Time of Accident (HHMM) County 8/25/02 1630	z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z z	1
X	Veh Conf	# # 1	Road, Street or Highway Accident Occurred Township Road	Brown Rural 8 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2
2	,	LOCATION	N Miles & Tenths Feet NOTE: Unless accident occurred within an intersection completely descri	S E W	_
0 2	er Type		NOTE: Unless accident occurred within an intersection combletely described in N (1 st) 6.0 ⊠ Miles & Tenths □ Feet ⊠	S E W XJunction 3	1
_ X_	Trail		(2 nd) 2.0 Miles & Tenths Feet Feet Full Name (Last, First, Middle)	US12 and Co Hd 18 Of Intersecting Street Other State O	7 2
3	il a	44	Doe, John Adam Date of Birth Phone No Driver's License Number	908 Plum St. Aberdeen SD 51234	
	ody Typ		4/10/75 605-555-1234 00123-	456 全年基本企业 李平 3	, 2
2	Cargo B		DL State DL Class DL Status: ⊠ Normal, within restrictions DN license required	Violation: ☐ Beyond restrictions ☐ Revoked ☐ No license ☐ Expired license ☐ Under suspension ☐ No license endorsement for this vehicle type ☐ Unknown	
4	npact		Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) 🛛 Check if Same as Driver	Address	
4	oint of Ir		12888B540Z4563		1
X	Initial P	UNIT 1		3B 123 SD 2002 Veh and Contents \$ 3,000 ₹ X	, 2
5	.¥I	S	Total Speed Est Travel Occupants 1 Limit 55 Speed4! Hit and Run? Damage Extent: □ None - No Damage		
4	Damaged		Hit and Run? □ Damage Extent: □ None - No Damage □ Yes ☑ No□ Unknown □ Minor Damage □ Trailer License Plate # State	e ☐ Functional Damage ☐ Unknown ☐ Vehicle Towed? ☐ Emergency Vehicle Use? ☐ Vear ☐ Trailer License Plate # Attached to Trailer Unit: X State Year Y	
X	Most	ı	Attached to Power Unit: X	9	إ
6	erride		Complete a truck having a GCWR of 10,001 or more poboxed area a vehicle displaying a hazardous material place	eard; OR • an injury requiring transportation for immediate medical attention; OR	
0 X	ide/Ove		a vehicle designed to transport 9 or more peo, Accident involved vehicle - Purpose?	ole. including driver • a vehicle was disabled requiring a towaway from the scene mercial Intrastate ☐ Government ☐ Personal	
	Under		Carrier Name US DOT # GVWR	Address Government Personal	-1
7	,	_		Inacation with Nation Inacation in Nation Inacation Inacatio	
0 2	ol Use		Full Name (Last, First, Middle) Doe, Jane Marie Date of Birth Phone No Driver's License Number	Address City State Zip Zip State Zip State Zip State Zip State Zip Zip State Zip State Zip Zip State Zip Zip State Zip	
0	Alcohol		4/2/67 605-555-1234	1. 2.	_1
8	,		DL State	Violation: ☐ Beyond restriction ☐ Revoked ☐ No license ☐ Expired license ☐ Expired license ☐ Unknown 5 ☐ Address City State Zip €	
91	ol Test		Burlington Northern	1000 Main St Watertown SD 54321	
91	Alcoh	UNIT 2	Model Yr Make Model Licens	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
9 1	,			Ven and contents \$ 200.00 Eg 19	1
0 2) Use		Occupants Limit Speed		2
0	Dung		Yes No Unknown ☐ Minor Damage Trailer License Plate # State	Year Trailer License Plate # State Year 🖁	
10	,	[Attached to Power Unit:	Attached to Trailer Unit: &	
2	Drug Test		Accident Involved Vehicle - Purpose?	mercial Intrastate Government Personal Address City State Zip	
2	Drug		Name US DOT # GVWR	GCWR Placard # or Name Hazardous Material Released?	
96			k Zone Related? Workers Present? School	A THE CHIMINESTRY INVENTED	\neg
			res ☑ No ☐ Unknown ☑ NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown ☐ Related ct(s) Damaged (Property other than vehicles and contents)	d? Directly Involved Unknown 22 X First Event	
96	ocation	Owne	er's Name (Last, First, Middle)	Second Event	
•	Ň	Addr	ess City	State Zip Fourth Event	
	I Work	Form	DPS-ART 10/03/03 Mail to: Office of Accident Records, 118 W, Capitol Av	First Harmful Event of Accident	

Mail to: Office of Accident Records, 118 W. Capitol Ave. Pierre, SD 57501

Form DPS-AR1 10/03/03

Agency Use

	Ор	Seating Position P	13 – Front row other 14 – Second row other 15 – Third row other 16 – Fourth row other 17 – Motorcycle passe 18 – Pedalcycle passe 19 – Bus passenger 20 – Trailing unit	r 22 23 24 enger 25 enger 96 97	? – Unenclosed 3 – Enclosed ca 1 – Sleeper sect	rgo area ion of cab (truck) tion "1" <u>NOT</u> Operator	Unit No.	Unit Type	Sex	Seating Position	Injury Status	Ejection	Source of Transport	Air Bag Deployed	Safety Equipment	
		UNIT 1	Transported to:	Okladara		EMS Trip #		1	1	<u>s</u>	3	0	<u> </u>	0	3	
		UNIT 2	Transported to:	St Lukes		123456 EMS Trip #		7	2	1	5	0	0	96	0	
		1. Name:				Date of Birth						-				
uo.		Address:				Transported to:					EMS T	rip#		ш		uoi G
A 3€	٥	2. Name:				Date of Birth	Т									X X
O P	URIE	Address:				Transported to:					EMS T	rip#		Ш		Non-Motorist Action
	PERSONS INJURIED	3. Name:				Date of Birth						·		П		፟
	SON	Address:				Transported to:					EMS T	rin#		Ш		Н
ŧ	PEF	4. Name:				Date of Birth		_						П		X x
ful Eve		Address:				Transported to:					EMS T	rin #				Circum
Location of First Harmful Event		ACCIDENT DIAGRAM		: 1	1 1	inansported to:					LIVIO		-		- :	Non-Motorist Contrilb. Circumstance
1 First		ACCIDENT DIAGRAM						İ			i					X rist CC
ation o																Non-Moto
Loc		(↑)	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		1	1										oN _
io							ng c									uo
Condil		:	Corn Field				<u>2</u> <u>-</u> -									t Locati
Roadway Surface Condition			Contribu				rownship noad									Si 2
way Surf							<u> </u>									Non-Mo
Road	AM			KR XINC	↓											_
S	DIAGRAM		+++7	2 Train			Train			+						arade
T1 D	□									+						Roadway Alignment/Grade
11 0					•											Align
Relat																oadway
_																
m m						'										Type ≺
- Ight C																Surface
																Roadway S
		NARRATIVE Describe \	What Happened								3.3.3.3		i di di di			Roa
F o		Box #14 – Loudness		iver from hearir	ng train whistl	e.	12222.	2222	2 2 2.2.	8.2.2.2	222	2 2.2.2	1.2.2.2	.222.	2222	tion
Weather Conditions		l late the same and the				and a The delice of cuts at	-4-4						. 45 -			rafficway Description
her Co		l .	· ·			ossing. The driver of unit #1 eer of the train stated he was				-						cway [
Weat	Æ					ated he did not see the train							ew			Traffic 1
						e driver of unit #1 stated he k the train struck the right rea							e			
	NAR	quickly as possible. \				and train of doc and high roa	portion	Or Gille	.,	ilo tiui	iii otop	,pou u				
		l i	-			s on quite loud, the air condit	ioner wa	s runni	ng and	the v	vindov	vs wer	e clos	sed,		
		possibly accounting for There were no injuries				#1 sustained injuries which r	eauired o	calling	an ami	buland	ce to ti	ranspo	ort hin			
		to the hospital.				,										
		Witness (Last, First, Midd	1a)	Dho	ne No	Address		Cit	tv			State		Zip		
			, 						- <i>j</i>			Jiaie				
		er & ID No Filing Report John A. Smith #	† 999			Date Notified 8/25/02		me Noti 16	fied 32	Date	e Arrive 8/25/			Arrive		
	Agen	ncy Name	'``	44444	<u> </u>	gency Type			0-6-6-6-6	1 612 5	***	-6-6-6-6		444		
		wn County Sheriff er Approving		Date		☐ Highway Patrol 🛛 Sheriff Dep led Tag #:	Agency		ulice L	J BIA L	i no:	ai Molic	e LJ (uner	444	
	Repo	ort Bob Green stigation made at scene?	Dhates Tel	{	3/26/02	Unit 1 R124578										
	vet	Yes No	Photos Taken	es 🛛 No 🔲 Unl	known	Unit 2										

Example #5: Driverless Motor Vehicle/Parked Motor Vehicle Reference: from the nearest Intersecting Street

Form DPS-AR1 10/03/03 Mail to: Office of Accident Records, 118 W. Capitol Ave, Pierre, SD 57501

1		Ple	lease Type or Print	Sheet 1 of 1 \$ 13
4	guration	44	Date of Accident (MM/DD/YY) Time of Accident (HHMM) County	City Accident Occurred in or Indicate Rural
	onfigu		2/26/02 1530 Road, Street or Highway Accident Occurred	Hughes Pierre g 4
1	Veh	Z	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2		OCATION	N □ Miles & Tenths □ Feet □ □	S - E - W O MRM (Milepost)
0		2	NOTE: Unless accident occurred within an intersection completely describe	ad above, use space below to give the location from a junction or intersecting street.
2	r Type			
0	Traile		. L	☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ Junction W Capitol Ave X Address City State Zip
3			Full Name (Last, First, Middle) None (Driverless)	
1	Type		Date of Birth Phone No Driver's License Number	Citation Charge?
2	Body	4	DL State DL Class DL Status: Normal, within restrictions V	1. 2. S ^ All
	Cargo		☐ No license required	Under suspension No license endorsement for this vehicle type Unknown
4	pact		Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) Check if Same as Driver Doe, John Adam	Address State Zip g State Zip
7	t of In		VIN # Insurance Insurance	
2	al Point		Model Yr Make Model License	State Year Damage Amount
	Initial	UNIT	1995 Chrysler LHS Plate # Total Speed Est Travel	36B 123 SD 2002 Veh and Contents \$ 1,000 ₹ X Speed – How Estimated: ☑ Officer Estimate ☐ Occupant Statement ☐ No Estimate
5	d Area	_	Occupants 1 Limit 30 Speed <u>5</u> Hit and Run? Damage Extent: None - No Damage	☐ Driver Statement ☐ Witness Statement ☐ Functional Damage ☐ Unknown Vehicle Towed?
7	Damaged		☐ Yes ☐ No☐ Unknown ☐ Minor Damage	☐ Disabling Damage ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Unknown ☐
2	Most D		Trailer License Plate # State Attached to Power Unit: X	Year Trailer License Plate # State Year Attached to Trailer Unit: X 2
6	-		You must IF the accident involved one or more of the following Complete a truck having a GCWR of 10,001 or more pour	
0	verride		boxed area • a vehicle displaying a hazardous material placal • a vehicle designed to transport 9 or more people	rd; OR • an injury requiring transportation for immediate medical attention; OR
X	derride/Override		Accident involved vehicle - Purpose?	ercial Intrastate Government Personal
	Unde		Name	GCWR Placard # or Name Hazardous Material Released?
7			GVWH GVWH	GCWR Placard # or Name Hazardous Material Released? Yes \ No \ Unknown \ X
y 1	se		Full Name (Last, First, Middle) None (Parked)	Address City State Zip g
7	cohol		Date of Birth Phone No Driver's License Number	Citation Charge?
]\$		DL State DL Class DL Status: Normal, within restrictions	1. 2. \$\frac{1}{8}\$ 18 //iolation: \$\Beyond restriction \$\Beyoked \Bigcup No license \Bigcup Expired license
8	,		Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) Check if Same as Driver	Under suspension No license endorsement for this vehicle type Unknown Scity State Zip
Х	Test		Smith, John Brown	100 Washington Ave Pierre SD 57501
X	Alcoho	.7	VIN # Insurance SS23765T7B053	Co Name
0		LINO	Model Yr Make Model License 1995 Pontiac Trans Am Plate #	State Year Damage Amount 36A 456 SD 2002 Veh and Contents \$ 2,500.00 \$\frac{9}{2}\$ 19
X	1		Total Speed Est Travel Occupants 0 Limit Speed	Speed – How Estimated: Officer Estimate Occupant Statement No Estimate
2	esn 6i		Hit and Run? Damage Extent: None - No Damage	☐ Functional Damage ☐ Unknown Vehicle Towed?
X	Dung		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown ☑ Minor Damage Trailer License Plate # State	☐ Disabling Damage ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Unknown ☐ Yes ☐
10		ı	Attached to Power Unit: X	Year Trailer License Plate # State Year g
X	est		You must complete boxed area for Unit 2, if the criteria is met shown above in Accident Involved Vehicle - Purpose? Commercial Interstate Commercial Co	
X	Drug Te		Carrier / Name	Address City State Zip
	9 10		US DOT # GVWR	GCWR Placard # or Name Hazardous Material Released? □ Yes □ No □ Unknown
96	one Ty	Work	rk Zone Related? Workers Present? School B	
	۱ŽĮ	□ Y	Yes No Unknown NA Yes No Unknown Related? ect(s) Damaged (Property other than vehicles and contents)	Directly Involved Unknown 26 X First Event
12	. <u>.</u> [ner's Name (Last, First, Middle)	Second Event
96			ress City	Damage \$ Third Event
	ork Zo		Sily	26 X Most Harmful Event by Vehicle [5] [6] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7] [7
	\$	Form	n DPS-AR1 10/03/03 Mail to: Office of Accident Records, 118 W. Capitol Ave,	First Harmful Event of Accident

Agency Use

	Ot	perator 1 4 — Second row other 22 — Unenclosed cargon 1 5 — Third row other 23 — Enclosed cargon 2 4 — Sleeper section 2 4 — Sleeper	go area on of cab (truck) on "1" <u>NOT</u> Operator	Unit No.	Unit Type	Sex	Seating Position	njury Status	Ejection	Source of Transport	Air Bag Deployed	Safety Equipment	
		UNIT 1.	EMS Trip #		3	(J)	0)	_=	ш	0)		0)	
		UNIT 2 Transported to:	EMS Trip #		2								
		1. Name: Smith. Jame Doe	Date of Birth 1/1/2000	1		1	25	3	0	0	0	0	
lision		Address: 218 Washington Pierre SD 57501	Transported to:					EMS T	rip#				G 1
O Aanner of Collision		2. Name:	Date of Birth										X X
Manner 0	PERSONS INJURIED	Address:	Transported to:					EMS T	rip#				Non-Motorist Action
	II SNC	3. Name:	Date of Birth										
	ERSC	Address:	Transported to:					EMS T	rip#				H 92 1
Event	Ф.	4. Name:	Date of Birth										Circumstance
Harmful F		Address:	Transported to:	<u> </u>				EMS T	rip#				
7		ACCIDENT DIAGRAM											Non-Motorist Contrib.
		Indicate North											optorist O
Location		<u> </u>	1 1										Non-N
_			İ										
Condition			1						****				cation 1
C 8			1			olic S							Non-Motorist Location
3 Surface					Dri	vewa	У						M-Moto X
Roadwa	_						_						<u> </u>
Œ	DIAGRAM	Parked Vehicle											api
D	DIA												ont/Gre
10 DE Relation to Junction) e										Roadway Alignment/Grade
elation		Parked Veh not involved											lway A
ш.		Tarked veri not involved											Roac
Hition			N. Huron Ave						,,,,,				ed k
T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T													Surface Type
1 Hgi			W. Ca	pitol	Ave								Sort
													Soadway
		NARRATIVE: Describe What Happened			2223		1010	222					<u>г</u>
F suoj		Unit #1, a driverless motor vehicle, was parked in the driveway of the Puchild in the front seat. The child put the car in gear, backed across Huro									ar-old	1	criptio
5 liji		Michael Smith, who had left the vehicle unattended, was able to get into	·								tes		ay Des
Cn.		to conducted business and had left the vehicle idling so it would stay wa		of uni	t #1 ar	nd fou	nd the	emer	rgency	/ brake	Э		rafficway Description
<u> </u>	ΠVE	had not been engaged. The 2-year-old child received a bruise to his for	eneau.										F
	NARRATIVE												
	Ž												
						**************			•••••••				
		Witness (Last, First, Middle) Phone No	Address		City	у			State	9	Zip		•
	Offic	 per & ID No Filing Report	Date Notified	Tim	e Notifi	ied	Date	e Arrive	ed	Time	Arrive	ed	
	Sgt	John A. Smith #999	2/26/02 ency Type		150			2/26			1538		
	Pie	rre Police Department	Highway Patrol Sheriff Departm	M - M - M - M		olice 🗀] BIA [∃ Trib	al Polic	е 🗖 С	Other		
			d Tag #: A Init 1 <u>R1235486</u>	gency I	Jse								
		stigation made at scene? Photos Taken?	Init 0 P3245793										

Example #6: Pedestrian/Motor Vehicle on a City Street
Reference: from the nearest Intersecting Street

· · · · 1 ⊆		ease Type or Print		Sheet 1 of 1	3
1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		Date of Accident (MM/DD/YY) Time of Accident (HHMM) County 7/1/02 2205	Pennington City Accide	ent Occurred in or Indicate Rural Rapid City	2
X		Road, Street or Highway Accident Occurred 6 th Street	At its Intersection With		X
*********	LOCATION	N ☐ Miles & Tenths ☐ Feet ☐	S E W Of MRM (Milepost)	as Die	1
0 g	2	N	ibed above, use space below to give the location S E W	from a junction or intersecting street.	2
X		(1 st)	☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ Junction ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ Intersecting Street	Kansas City Street	24
		Full Name (Last, First, Middle) Smith, Sara Joe	Address 123 Main St.	City State Zip State ST701	X
1 July 1		Date of Birth Phone No Driver's License Number 7/22/65 605-555-1234 00345	678	Rapid City SD 57701	X
2 200		DL State DL Class DL Status: Normal, within restrictions SD 1 No license required	Violation: Beyond restrictions Rev	pedestrian in crosswalk 2. voked \[\bigcap \text{No license } \bigcap \text{Expired license} \] license endorsement for this vehicle type \[\bigcap \text{Unknown} \]	<u></u>
 ಕ		Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) 🗵 Check if Same as Driver	Address Address	City State Zip	
1		VIN# 12888B540Z4563		12345678-9 Eff Date Exp Date 12345678-9 1/02 1/03	7
X in the state of	4 300 300	Model Yr Make Model Licens	Otale Faith	Year Damage Amount 응	X
Area Di	Ξ	Total	Speed – How Estimated: 🔲 Officer	<u> </u>	^
1 1 Page 1		Hit and Run? Damage Extent: ⊠ None - No Damag ☐ Yes ⊠ No ☐ Unknown ☐ Minor Damage	ge Functional Damage Unknown Ve	ehicle Towed? Emergency Vehicle Use?	2
X		Trailer License Plate # State Attached to Power Unit:X	Year Trailer License Plate # Attached to Trailer Unit:	State Year	6
		You must IF the accident involved one or more of the follor Complete • a truck having a GCWR of 10,001 or more p	ounds; OR • a fatality; OR	esulted in one or more of the following:	X
0 2		boxed area a vehicle displaying a hazardous material pla a vehicle designed to transport 9 or more per Accident involved vehicle - Purpose?	ople, including driver • a vehicle was dis	g transportation for immediate medical attention; OR	
X		Carrier Name	Address	City State Zip	7
		US DOT # GVWR	GCWR Placard # c	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown	4
0 8	1	Full Name (Last, First, Middle) Johnson, Joe Ray Date of Birth Phone No Driver's License Number	Address 102 9 th Street	City State Zip	X
1 New York		5/12/80 605-555-4321	1.	2. Our 18	3
-1		DL State DL Class DL Status: Normal, within restrictions No license required		license endorsement for this vehicle type -	0
91	1	Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) Check if Same as Driver VIN # Insuran			X
91 g	UNIT 2	Model Yr Make Model Licens		Year Damage Amount	
1	5	Plate Total Speed Est Travel		Veh and Contents \$ 0 2 19)
0 2		Occupants Limit Speed Hit and Run? Damage Extent: \(\sum \) None - No Damage	Driver	Statement Witness Statement	8
0		☐ Yes No ☐ Unknown ☐ Minor Damage Trailer License Plate # State	Year Trailer License Plate #	ehicle Towed? Emergency Vehicle Use? Yes No Unknown Yes No Unknown State Year	X
1		Attached to Power Unit:	Attached to Trailer Unit: ve in Unit 1		
2 2	1 1	Accident Involved Vehicle - Purpose?	nmercial Intrastate Government Personal Address	City State Zip	
2 8		Name US DOT # GVWR	GCWR Placard # 4	or Name Hazardous Material Released?	
96	Worl	Zone Related? Workers Present? Schoo	I Bus ⊠ No ☐ Indirectly Involved	Unit 1 Unit 2 Sequence of Events →	
Nork Z		res No Unknown No No Unknown Relate ct(s) Damaged (Property other than vehicles and contents)			-
96	Own	er's Name (Last, First, Middle)	Estimate of Damage \$	Second Event \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-
	Addr	ess City	State Zip	Fourth Event Number of the state of the sta	-
Worl	Form	DPS-AR1 10/03/03 Mail to: Office of Accident Records, 118 W. Capitol A	ve Pierre SD 57501	(use codes 0. 7-66 only) 20 X (use codes 0. 7-66 only) 50	_

Agency Use

	Or	Seating Position Derator	13 – Front row other 14 – Second row other 15 – Third row other 16 – Fourth row other 17 – Motorcycle passenger 18 – Pedalcycle passenger 19 – Bus passenger 20 – Trailing unit	22 – Unenclosed 23 – Enclosed c 24 – Sleeper sed 25 – Seating Po	argo area stition of cab (truck) sition "1" <u>NOT</u> Operator ble (Pedestrian)	Unit No.	1 Unit Type	Xes 2	■ Seating Position	O Injury Status	O Ejection	O Source of Transport	O Air Bag Deployed	ω Safety Equipment	
		UNIT 2	Transported to: Rapid	City Hospital	EMS Trip # 123456		5	1	96	2	96	1	96	0	
_		1. Name:			Date of Birth										- G
O Nanner of Collision		Address:			Transported to:					EMS T	rip#				Non-Motorist Action
a de	PERSONS INJURIED	2. Name:			Date of Birth					TMC T					Motoris
Mau 0	N)C	Address: 3. Name:			Transported to: Date of Birth					EMS T	rip#		$\overline{}$		ģ 1
	SONS	Address:			Transported to:					EMS T	rin #		Ш		н
Ξ	PER	4. Name:			Date of Birth				-	LIVIG	- H				Circumstance
ful Event		Address:			Transported to:					EMS T	rin #		Ш		Circum 1
B B t Harmful		ACCIDENT DIAGRAM			Transported to.	1 1						1	1 1		
Condition Location of First		Indicate North	_40.	et 8: 8: 8: 8: 8: 8: 8: 8: 8: 8: 8: 8: 8:	dos	Kansas	City		3						ocation Non-Motorist Contrib.
Roadway Surface	DIAGRAM			Unit #2 Pedestrian		_ 	_	_							Alignment/Grade Non-Motorist Location A Non-Motorist Location X X 1
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C				8018		STOP									Roadway Surface Type Roadway Alignm
Weather Conditions	NARRATIVE	stated that she motion clipping the pedestrial onto Kansas City St. v Also, due to a possibl	was crossing 6 th St. in the ned to the pedestrian indi- n with the right front fend- where she stopped to tele e problem with depth per-	cating that he should c er. The pedestrian suff phone authorities. Thi ception, a request was	southbound on 6 th St. stopped aboross in front of her vehicle. Unit #ered injuries to the right hip. The sofficer determined that the inside made to have the driver of unit # he and his roommate had each d	1 prod driver e right 1 re-ex	eeded of un thead amine	d throu it #1 p light of ed by a	gh the roceed f Unit a drive	e inter ded to #1 wa r licer	section make s not s nse ex	n too e a lefi workir amine	soon t turn ng. er.		Trafficway Description Roz
	Sgt Ager	Witness (Last, First, Midd eer & ID No Filing Report John A. Smith # ncy Name oid City Police Depa	f999	Phone No	Address Date Notified 7/1/02 Agency Type ☐ Highway Patrol ☐ Sheriff Departm		Cit e Notif 22 City Pi	ied 10		Arrive 7/1/0	02	Time	Zip Arrive 2212 Other		
	Offic Repo	er Approving out Bob Green stigation made at scene? Yes No	Photos Taken?	Date Approved 7/1/02 No □ Unknown		gency l					··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		
	<u> </u>														•

Example #7: Pedalcycle Driver/Motor Vehicle on a City Street Reference: from the nearest Intersecting Street

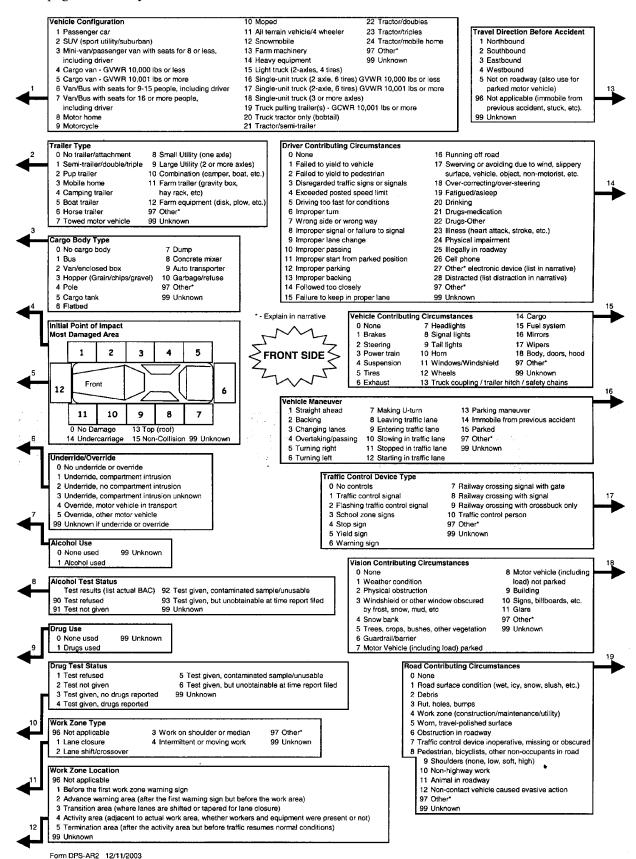
	cF		ease Type or Print Sheet 1 of 1	13	-100
X	figuration		Date of Accident (MM/DD/YY) Time of Accident (HHMM) County City Accident Occurred in or Indicate Rural Sioux Falls	1	1
1	Veh Cor	* *	Road, Street or Highway Accident Occurred N. Dakota Ave	ection Pe	2
1		LOCATION	N S E W Miles & Tenths Feet D D MRM (Milepost) NOTE: Unless accident occurred within an intersection completely described above, use space below to give the location from a junction or intersecting street.	14 14	_
0 2	Trailer Type		The state of the s	X	1
			Full Name (Last, First, Middle) Address City State Zip Smith, Mary Jane 800 Maple Ave Sioux Falls SD 51234	0 e	2
1	ly Type		Date of Birth Phone No Driver's License Number Citation Charge? ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Pending ☐ Unknown 02/14/7/4. 605-555-1234	Oriver Contrib	2
2	Cargo Boo	2-4- 4-4-	DL State DL Class DL Status: Normal, within restrictions Violation: Beyond restrictions Revoked No license Expired license Under suspension No license endorsement for this vehicle type Unknown	seoul	_
	pact		Owner's Name (Last, First, Middle) Check if Same as Driver Address City State Zip	iscrimost 15	
~	oint of In		VIN # Insurance Policy # Eff Date Exp Date	Souting X	1
11	Initial P	+ ⊥IND	Model Yr Make Model License State Year Damage Amount Plate # Veh and Contents \$ 150 Total Speed Est Travel Speed – How Estimated: ☐ Officer Estimate ☐ Occupant Statement ☐ No Estimate	O sepicle	2
1	Are		Occupants 1 Limit Speed Green		
X	Damageo		The same state of the same sta	Manenver X	1
11	Most	ſ	Attached to Power Unit: Attached to Trailer Unit: Attached to Trailer Unit: You must IF the accident involved one or more of the following: AND, the accident resulted in one or more of the following:	Х	2
v 1	erride		Complete a truck having a GCWR of 10,001 or more pounds; OR a fatality; OR a vehicle displaying a hazardous material placard; OR an injury requiring transportation for immediate medical attention; OR	⁵ 1	
0 2	arride/Ov		a vehicle designed to transport 9 or more people, including driver a vehicle was disabled requiring a towaway from the scene Accident involved vehicle - Purpose?	Type	
	Unde		Name US DOT # COMP Placed # or Name Hazardays Material Paleaced?	17 X	1
, 1	Φ	_[Full Name (Last, First, Middle) Address City State Zip	\$ <u></u>	2
	Icohol Use		District Public Provider District Public Provider District Public		
,	⋖.		1. 2. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Seleconnictances	1
91	est			7 Zoutup 7	2
91		12	VIN # Insurance Co Name Insurance Policy # Eff Date Exp Date 1234D125N12V Liberty Mutual AT1230015032151 6/02 7/03	VISIO	_
1		UNIT	Model Yr Make Model License State Year Damage Amount 2001 Pontiac Bonneville Plate # 1AB 123 SD 2002 Veh and Contents \$ 500.00	etances 19	
0 3	lse		Total Speed Est Travel Speed — How Estimated: ☐ Officer Estimate ☐ Occupant Statement ☐ No Estimate ☐ Occupants 2 ☐ Driver Statement ☐ No Estimate ☐ Occupants 2 ☐ Driver Statement ☐ Witness Statement ☐ Witn	X	1
0	Drug		Hit and Run? Damage Extent: None - No Damage Finctional Damage Unknown Vehicle Towed? Emergency Vehicle Use? Disabling Damage Trailer License Plate # State Year Trailer License Plate # State S	8	-
0		ſ	Attached to Power Unit: State Fear Haller Elderise Flate # Attached to Power Unit: Attached to Trailer Unit: You must complete boxed area for Unit 2, if the criteria is met shown above in Unit 1	Ноаd	
2	est		Accident Involved Vehicle - Purpose?		
2	Drug		Carrier Name Address City State Zip Name US DOT # GVWR GCWR Placard # or Name Hazardous Material Released?		
1	ne Type	Vor!	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown	≥	٦
96	ŽΓ	ΙY	Yes XI No T Linknown XI NA T Yes T No T Linknown Belated? T Directly layoung T Linknown	use Only	
² 96	ocation)wne	ler's Name (Last, First, Middle) Estimate of Damage \$ Second Event Third Event	r - Office Use	
	ĭ	ddr	ress City State ZipFourth Event Fourth Event	- Number -	
	. Work □	orm	Cuse codes 0, 7-66 only) First Harmful Event of Accident Records, 118 W, Capitol Ave, Pierre, SD 57501 21 (use codes 7-66 only) Cuse codes 7-6	Accident	

Agency Use

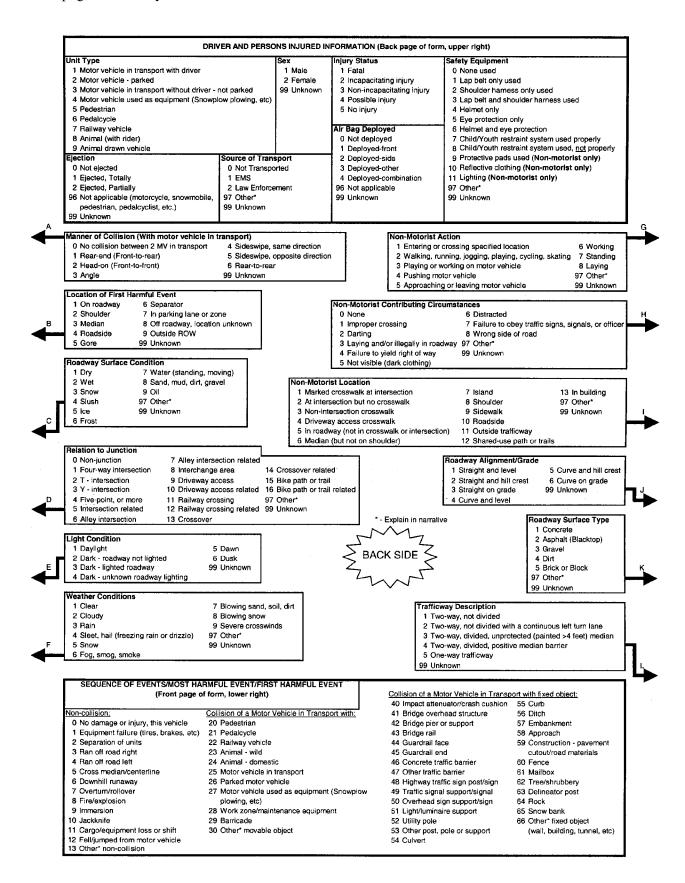
	Op	perator 1 4 — Second row other 22 — Unenclosed cargon 1 5 — Third row other 23 — Enclosed cargon 1 6 — Fourth row other 24 — Sleeper section 24 — Sleeper section 24 — Sleeper section 24 — Sleeper section 24 — Sleeper section 24 — Sleeper section 24 — Sleeper section 24 — Sleeper section 25 — Sleeper se	o area n of cab (truck) on "1" <u>NOT</u> Operator	Unit No.	Jnit Type	Sex Sex Sex Sex Sex Sex Sex Sex Sex Sex	njury Status	Ejection	Source of Transport	Air Bag Deployed	Safety Equipment	
		Transported to: Sioux Valley	EMS Trip # 123456		6	2 1	3	96	1		o o	
		UNIT 2 Transported to:	EMS Trip #		1	1 1	5	0	0	0 :	3	
		1. Name: Smith, Janie	Date of Birth 6/10/02	1		2 18	3 3	96	1	96 (0	
lision		Address: 800 Maple Ave. Sigux Falls, SD	Transported to: Sioux Va	llov			EMS		23456		- loi	G 1
۾ آڻ ——— آڻ		2. Name:	Date of Birth	li.v					04.7			2
O Allision	PERSONS INJURIED	Address:	Transported to:				EMS	Trip#			Non-Motorist Action	$ \mathbf{x} ^2$
	NS I	3. Name:	Date of Birth								7	
	HSO	Address:	Transported to:				EMS.	Trip#				H 2 1
ţ.	8	4. Name:	Date of Birth								Circumstance	4
, L		Address:	Transported to:				EMS	Trip #				
B	_	ACCIDENT DIAGRAM									Non-Motorist Contrib	2
, i		Indicate North									otorist	X
opeoo		and the state of t	Zone								No.	X
		W. 7th St.	Lane N - 2 Lane N - 3 Lane N - 3 Parking Lane/Zone									
i i		W. 7th St.	Lanc N - 2 Lanc N - 3 Parking La								cation	1
C The section of the			La La Pa								Non-Motorist Location	5
1 0											-Moto	x
	_	Bicycle Driver	į								≥	
à	DIAGRAM				Vvc.							3
D	DIAC	Bicycle Passenger	Jnit #1 Bidycle		N. Dakota Ave.						Alianment/Grade	J
					Z. Dg						lianme	1
يَّةِ لــــــا											Roadway A	
			į								- B	-
E :		Parked MV Not Involved									, be	κ
E 2			į l								Surface T	
		s	kid marks 25'									
											Roadway	
-		NARRATIVE: Describe What Happened Unit #2 was northbound on N. Dakota Ave. traveling in lane N-1. Unit #									F	
2		stopped to attend to her 2 year old daughter who was riding in a child ca								the	scripti	
2		parking lane into lane N-1 without yielding to unit #2. The driver of unit	•					-			rafficway Description	· —
Atron	l	in front of the parked car, but was unable to stop soon enough to avoid of the bicycle onto the roadway nearby. They sustained what appeared						×			Traffic	5
- لشنسنت	4TIVE	injured. Unit #2 received minor damage to the left front fender. Skid ma										
	NARRATIVE	3-5 mph when impact occurred.										
	~											
											\Box	
		Witness (Last, First, Middle) Phone No	Address		City	,		State		Zip		
		Ler & ID No Filing Report	Date Notified	Tim	e Notifi		ate Arriv			Arrived	\dashv	
	Age		7/11/02 ency Type		192	44400	7/11	4-4-4-4-	****	1929		
		eer Approving Date Approved	Highway Patrol ☐ Sheriff Departm	ent 🔯 gency l	· 20 20 20 20 20	lice 🔲 Bij	A LJ Trik	al Poli	се ∐ С	ther	44	
	Rep	от Bob Green 7/12/02 📙	d Tag.#: (*) Init 1	, - ·- j `								
	inve	stigation made at scene? Photos Taken? ☑ Yes ☑ No ☐ Unknown ☐	Jnit 2 <u>R1235468</u>									

Overlay

Front page of Overlay



73



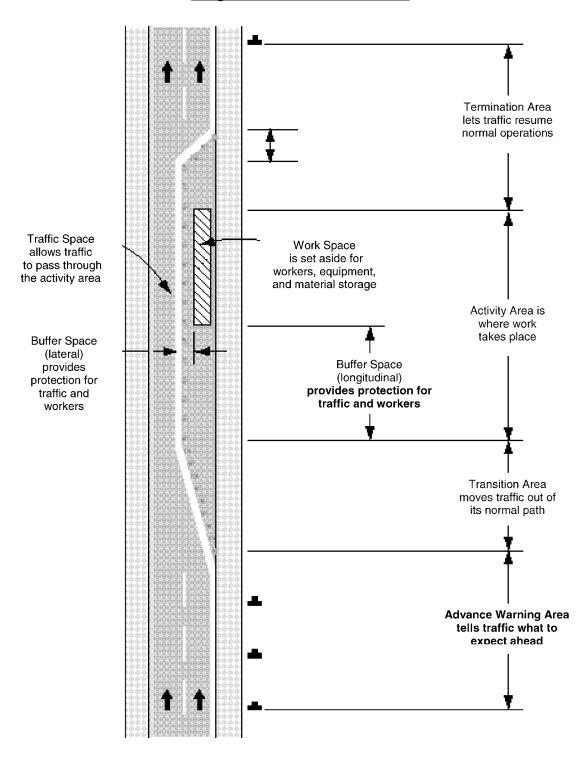
Appendix A

State Codes

AL	01	Alabama	MT	30	Montana
ΑK	02	Alaska	NE	31	Nebraska
ΑZ	04	Arizona	NV	32	Nevada
AR	05	Arkansas	NH	33	New Hampshire
CA	06	California	NJ	34	New Jersey
CO	80	Colorado	NM	35	New Mexico
CT	09	Connecticut	NY	36	New York
DE	10	Delaware	NC	37	North Carolina
DC	11	District of Columbia	ND	38	North Dakota
FL	12	Florida	ОН	39	Ohio
GA	13	Georgia	OK	40	Oklahoma
HI	15	Hawaii	OR	41	Oregon
ID	16	Idaho	PA	42	Pennsylvania
IL	17	Illinois	RI	44	Rhode Island
IN	18	Indiana	SC	45	South Carolina
IA	19	Iowa	SD	46	South Dakota
KS	20	Kansas	TN	47	Tennessee
KY	21	Kentucky	TX	48	Texas
LA	22	Louisiana	UT	49	Utah
ME	23	Maine	VT	50	Vermont
MD	24	Maryland	VA	51	Virginia
MA	25	Massachusetts	WA	53	Washington
MI	26	Michigan	WV	54	West Virginia
MN	27	Minnesota	WI	55	Wisconsin
MS	28	Mississippi	WY	56	Wyoming
MO	29	Missouri		97	Other*
		Canadian Provinces ar	nd Terri	tories	
AB	60	Alberta	NU	67	Nunavut
BC	61	British Columbia	ON	68	Ontario
MB	62	Manitoba	PΕ	69	Prince Edward Island
NB	63	New Brunswick	QC	70	Quebec
NL	64	New Foundland & Labrador	SK	71	Saskatchewan
NT	65	Northwest Territory	YT	72	Yukon Territory
NS	66	Nova Scotia	- ·	· -	

Appendix B

Diagram of a Work Zone Area



Direction of Travel

CLOCKPOINT DIAGRAM

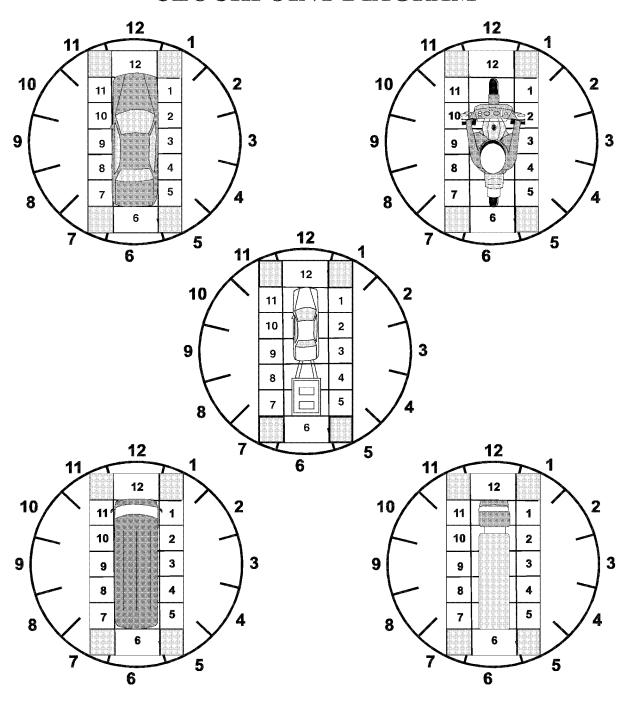
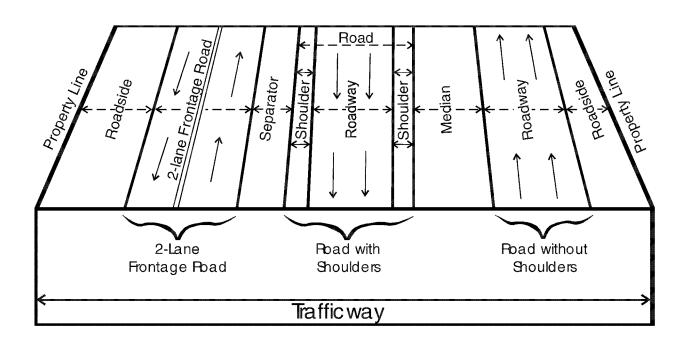
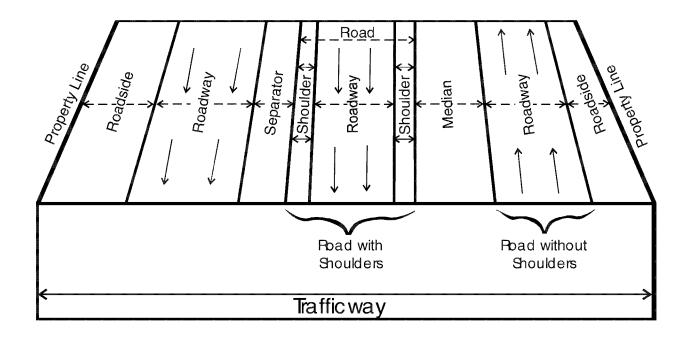


Diagram of the Trafficway*





*Source: ANSI D16.1-1996 Manual on Classification of Motor Vehicle Traffic Accidents, Sixth Edition.

CURBED TRAFFICWAY (usually city st.) (Outside Right-of-Way) Sidewalk Roadside Curb Roadway Sidewalk Roadside (Outside Right of Way)